The Bombay Gazette.

No 9,806—New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, APRIL 26, 1880.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follow:—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
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First insertion	Rs. 5 0
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Third do.	„ 2 0
Fourth and succeeding insertions	„ 0 2½ As.

A line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines. All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	8 As. per Line.
Second do.	6 „ „
Third and succeeding	3½ „ „

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations Wanted or Servant Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines ..... Re. 1-0
Each succeeding line ..... „ 0-8

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee* and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash.*

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free in India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.

Price per Copy ..... As. 4.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES; EACH—TWO RUPEES.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette.*"

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

WILL DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. KHANDALLA, 2,040 Tons, on THURSDAY, 29th April, 1880, at 3 P. M., calling at Ratnagherry, Vingoria, Goa, Carwar, Coompta, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Nagapatam, Madras, Cocanada, Visagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, Portsare called at in the foregoing or any order.

Conveyance to the Nilgherry Hills.—The steamers are timed to reach Beypore at daybreak, and arrangements have been made for a train to leave Beypore specially in connection with the steamers' arrival to convey passengers right through to Mettapolium, where they will arrive at 7-45 p. m., and after staying for the night can proceed up the Ghat early the following morning.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S.S. PACHUMBA, 867 Tons, on TUESDAY, 27th April, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. JAVA, 1,465 Tons, on SATURDAY 1st May, 1880, at 10 a.m.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 23rd April 1880. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY,

VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA and BOMBAY on the 24th, on the 1st of each Month.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.
[Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.]

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Rs. 40	Deck.
Suez	„ 360	„ 220	„ 80	
Port Said	„ 360	„ 240	„ 90	
Messina	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140	
Naples	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140	
Leghorn	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140	
Genoa	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140	
Marseilles	„ 520	„ 350	„ 145	

Including Wine. Without food.

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—
SUMATRA, to sail on SATURDAY, 1st May, 1880.
INDIA, to sail on TUESDAY, 1st June, 1880.
SINGAPORE, to sail on THURSDAY, 1st July 1880.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 a.m. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

First and Second Class through Railway Tickets, from NAPLES to LONDON, are now issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.

Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can now be booked at through rates.

For Hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

F. MURAGLIA,
DARASHAW SORABJEE,
Joint Acting Agents, Rubattino & N. Company,
No. 2, Hummum Street.

Bombay, 23rd March 1880.

ANCHOR LINE

OF

TRANSATLANTIC, PENINSULAR, MEDITERRANEAN AND INDIAN STEAMSHIPS.

INDIAN SERVICE.

THE following sailings have been arranged from Bombay:—

TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

	Commanders.	Tons.	H. P. Nominal.	
S. S. MACEDONIA	J. Laird	2272	485	1st May.
S. S. ITALIA	T. G. Knox	2245	424	8th May.
S. S. SIDONIAN	McFee	1235	203	29th May.
S. S. INDIA	Geo. H. Read	2929	500	12th June.
S. S. BRITANNIA	R Hutchison	3960	500	26th do.
S. S. OLYMPIA	J. Craig	2050	424	17th July.

The Sidonian has not Passenger accommodation.

FOR MARSEILLES.

S. S. ALEXANDRIA.. A. Lindquister..1629 424 15th May.

These Steamers have been specially fitted for the Indian Trade, and have accommodation for a large number of Saloon Passengers.

Each steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

Fare through to	New York	Rs 600
„ „	Liverpool	„ 500
„ „	Marseilles and Genoa	„ 450
„ „	Naples	„ 400

For plans, handbooks of information, and for any further information apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay.

N.B.—The New York passages are booked in connection with the Company's Atlantic Mail Service either from Greenock or from London.

There are weekly sailings from either place.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND TRIESTE, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE following Steamers will be despatched from BOMBAY to TRIESTE:—

S. S. TEBE, Captain B. Crillanovich, to sail on or about the 5th May, 1880.

S. S. MEMPI, Captain D. Foretich, to sail on or about the 16th May 1880.

S. S. VORWAERTS, Captain G. Marussig, to sail on the 20th May, 1880.

S. S. TIMAVO, Captain A. Sopranich, to sail on or about the 5th June, 1880.

S. S. CALIPSO, Captain V. Ballovich, to sail on or about the 7th June 1880.

S. S. CASTORE, Captain G. Mahorcich, to sail on or about the 20th June, 1880.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under:—

To	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
Trieste	Rs. 400	Rs. 280	Rs. 14 0
To Cyprus (via Port Said)	„ 375	„ 195	„ 143 0
To Port Said	„ 320	„ 255	„ 131 0
To Suez	„ 300	„ 240	„ 120 0
To Aden	„ 170	„ 130	„ 66 8

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company, Limited, Marine Branch.

For further particulars, freight, passage, etc., etc., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent,
as con House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, April 6th, 1880.

HALL LINE

BETWEEN

BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL.

CALLING AT MALTA.

FARE TO MALTA ..... Rs. 400.
„ LIVERPOOL ..... „ 500.

THE following sailings have been arranged from Bombay:—

	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	1880.
S. S. CITY OF BALTIMORE	2800	300	J. Verril	19th May.
S. S. RYDAL HALL	2700	400	O. Lloyd	18th June.
S. S. SPEKE HALL	2700	400	W. Brand	21st July.

These fast steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay trade.

Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

For plans, handbooks, or for any other information apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO SOUTHAMPTON, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA AND GIBRALTAR.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above:—

Vessels	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
KHIVA [Extra]	2609	450	T. Alderton	28th April
VERONA	3065	400	W. Barratt	1st May.
VENETIA	2726	450	J. Orman	8th do.
MONGOLIA	2933	530	E. M. Edmond	15th do.
SUMATRA	2488	450	R. F. Briscoe	22nd do.
KASHGAR	2031	450	E. J. Baker	29th do.

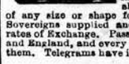
A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Masagon, at 9 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For passage, &c., apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Bombay, 29th March 1880. Superintendent.

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

EXTRA STEAMER TO SOUTHAMPTON.

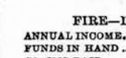


THE Steam Ship KHIVA, 2,609 Tons and 450 H.P., Captain T. Alderton, will be despatched as above on the 28th April, carrying passengers and cargo.

For particulars of freight and passage apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Bombay, 30th March 1880. Superintendent.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.



THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports:—

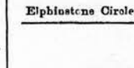
Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
GWALIOR	3732	450	J. C. Babot	7th May.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Masagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Bombay, 13th April 1880. Superintendent.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.



THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports:—

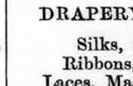
Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
BANGALORE	2942	450	H. Wyatt	7th May.
SIAM	3014	510	G. N. Hector	21st „
ASSAM	3033	500	N. Stewart	4th June.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Masagon, at 3 p. m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Bombay, 22nd April 1880. Superintendent.

MELBOURNE EXHIBITION.

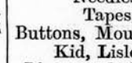


SPECIAL FIRST CLASS RETURN TICKETS, available for SIX MONTHS, will be issued to passengers visiting the Exhibition by the fortnightly steamers, at the REDUCED FARE of RUPEES SIX HUNDRED,

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 24th March 1880.

MR. DAVID McIVER'S LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.
VIA SUEZ CANAL.



THE following sailings have been arranged from Bombay:—

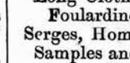
	Captains.	Tons.	H. P. nom.	
S.S. THESSALY	F. Hasbord	1,925	200	on 5th June.

FARE ..... Rs. 400.

For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 23rd March 1880.

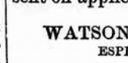
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.
S. S. ARCADIA,
CAPTAIN RODGERS.
1,885 Tons, 300 H. P.
To sail 15th May.



THIS Fine Steamer will sail as above.

She has comfortable and airy accommodation for about 25 passengers. Apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.



S. S. TENEDOS, sailing about 1st May for GENOA and MARSEILLES, has Cabin room for three Gentlemen.

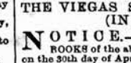
PASSAGE TO GENOA ..... Rs. 350
„ MARSEILLES ..... „ 400

McCULLOCH, BEYTS & Co., Agents.

ANGLO-INDIAN AGENCY,

28, APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY,
AND
27, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON, E.C.
(With Agents in Liverpool, Southampton, and Portsmouth.)

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.



PASSENGERS booked (free of charge) by 1st Class Steamers and Sailing Vessels for all ports at reduced fares, Baggage, Kit, etc., warehoused or shipped. Packages, Cases, Parcels &c., of any size or shape forwarded at lowest rates of freight. Sovereigns supplied and Remittances effected at favourable rates of Exchange. Passengers met on board ship in Bombay and England, and every information and assistance afforded them. Telegrams have immediate attention.

WM. WATSON & Co.,
Bombay, 28, Apollo Street.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL, £2,000,000.

FIRE—LIFE—ANNUITIES.

ANNUAL INCOME	£552,906
FUNDS IN HAND	£926,044
CLAIMS PAID	£3,740,587

Policies issued and claims paid by

KILLICK, NIXON,
Agents for Western India.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

DRAPERY DEPARTMENT.

Silks, Satins, Velvets.
Ribbons, Silk and Velvet.
Laces, Maltese, and Honiton.
Mulls, Swiss Muslins.
Linens, Cambrics, Lawns.
Taylors', Coats' and Brooks' Cottons,
Needles, Pins, Bodkins,
Tapes, Cords, Braids.
Buttons, Moulds, Hooks and Eyes.
Kid, Lisle, and Silk, Gloves.
Linen and Cotton Handkerchiefs.
Irish Linen Frontings.
Organdi French Muslins.
English Printed Muslins.
French Printed Cambrics.
Best English Prints.
India Twills and Victoria Lawns.
Mulls, Nansooks and Lawns.
Long Cloths and Book Muslins.
Foulardines and Grenadines.
Serges, Homespuns and Melanges.
Samples and prices of all the above, sent on application.

WATSON AND COMPANY,
ESPLANADE HOTEL.

CABUL FIELD SERVICE TENTS.

WEIGHING 80 lbs. Price Rs. 75. Can be had at short notice on application, accompanied by remittance in full, to

THE AGENT, ELGIN MILLS COMPANY,
CAWNPORE.

THE VIEGAS SLIP COMPANY, LIMITED, (IN LIQUIDATION.)

NOTICE.—The SHARES TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be FINALLY CLOSED on the 30th day of April 1880.

By Order of the Liquidators,

NOWROJEE COWASJEE,
Secretary to the Liquidators.

Bombay, 22nd April 1880.

THE PRIZE COCOA OF THE DAY IS DELACRE'S PURE SOLUBLE COCOA.

MORE economical and of finer flavour than any other Cocoa extant.

In Tins lb. 12 As., ½ lb. Re. 1-8, 1 lb. Rs. 3.

AGENTS.
D. S. KEMP & CO.,
BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

URBS PRIMUS IN INDIS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

LESSEE ..... DAVE CARSON.

GLORIOUS SUCCESS
OF
DAVE CARSON AND MISS CLARA STANLEY'S COMBINED OPERA COMPANY.
FOR A SHORT SEASON.

POPULAR PRICES. POPULAR PRICES.

MR. CARSON takes great pleasure in announcing to his Friends and patrons in Bombay, that after an absence of two and a half years, he has returned with a company,

CONSISTING OF 19 ARTISTES,

whose talents and inexhaustible reportoire exceeds anything ever seen in India.

EACH ARTISTE BEING A VERSATILE STAR.

During the season there will be produced
ETHIOPIAN MINSTRELSY.
OPERA BOUFFE.
AND A GREAT VARIETY OF SPECIALITIES,

MONDAY AND TUESDAY, APRIL 26TH AND 27TH, 1880.

WILL BE REPEATED

(Robert Planquette's and MM. Clairville et Ch. Cabet.)
OPERA COMIQUE IN THREE ACTS,
ENTITLED
LES CLOCHES DE CORNEVILLE.

Performed with the greatest success for upwards of 300 Nights at the Theatre Des Folies Dramatiques, Paris, also at the Globe and Folly Theatres, London, and honored in Calcutta by the distinguished patronage of

HIS EXCELLENCY
LORD LYTTON, G.M.S.I.,
VICEROY AND GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

BETWEEN ACTS SECOND AND THIRD
DAVE CARSON
will appear as
THE BENGALEE BABOO IN ENGLAND.

PROGRAMME.
AT 8-55.

OVERTURE ..... ORCHESTRA.

AT 9 O'CLOCK PROMPT.
LES CLOCHES DE CORNEVILLE.
[CAST]

Germaine	Miss Clara Stanley.
Serpolette	Miss Bertha Hector.
Manette	Miss Julie Austin.
Jeane	Miss Lilly Hedderwick.
Gertrude	Miss Kate Hedderwick.
Henry Marquis de Corneville	Mr Howard Cawley.
Gaspard	Mr Joseph Arthur.
Le Baillie	Mr T Moore.
Grenicheux	Miss Lizzie Wilson.
Gobo—[The Bailie's Shadow]	Mr J Rollings.
Christophe—[A Naval Cadet]	Mr J Drew.
Pierre	Mr J Drew.
Catchalot	Mr Madison Obrey.
Minard	Mr J Merrilees.

PEASANTS, SAILORS, &c.
[Period about 1703]

PRICE OF ADMISSION.

Stage Box to admit 8	Rs. 24
Private Box to admit 4	„ 12
Orchestra Stall	„ 3
Stall	„ 2
Pit	„ 1
Back Seat	8 as.

Boxes and Orchestra Stalls can be reserved at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.

Doors open at 8-15.

Performance begins at 9. Carriages may be ordered at 11-15.

Caricature Photographs of "DAVE CARSON AT HOME," by Bouseston, 50, Rue Ste. Lazare, Paris, may be had of the Doorkeepers and Ushers. Price 8 annas each, Cash.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO, per S. S. CLAN GORDON, ARRIVED from GLASGOW, are hereby requested to SEND their BILLS of LADING to our office for our countersignature and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS from the Bunders.

FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 23rd April 1880.

S. CURSETJEE MAJOO,

20, Meadow Street, next to Messrs. Thacker & Co,

BEGS to inform his customers that he has just received a new consignment of CHILDREN'S TOYS, Aluminium Gold Pencil Cases, Wool Work Cushion of assorted Patterns, assorted Color Wool, Albums and Scrap Albums, Pearl Beads, &c., Gold Ear Wire, Hair Guards.

REUTER'S TELEGRAM COMPANY, LIMITED.

MR. C. E. WALLIS has been appointed ACTING AGENT for the above Company at Bombay during my temporary absence.

HARRY W. WILLIAMS,
Bombay, 23rd April 1880. Manager, Eastern Branch.

THACKER AND COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of this Company will be CLOSED from the 29th April to the 13th May, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

JOHN CAMERON,
Bombay, 26th April 1880. Manager in India.

TO BE LET FURNISHED at Breach Caudy, for one month from 15th May, an UPPER-STORIED CHARMING BUNGALOW, completely furnished with admirable taste. For rent and other particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
18, Meadow Street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, at MATHERAN, the only good BUNGALOW at Matheran known as the UNDERWOOD, or Dr. Birwood's Bungalow. Rent Rs. 600.

The First Hood for	Rs. 400.
Hill House for	„ 400.
The Dell for	„ 260.

For particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, from 1st May next, a FURNISHED BUNGALOW for six months certain in Parwady, Malabar Hill. The situation is splendid and commands a view all round like a valley. Rent Rs. 250. For further particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 478 of 1879.

HORMUSJEE CURSETJEE ASHBURNER, of Bombay, Parsee Inhabitant, one of the Administrators *de bonis non* with the Will annexed of the late CURSETJEE COWASJEE ASHBURNER, deceased, residing in house No. 10, situate at Cowasjee Patell Tank Road, in the island of Bombay ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

BOMONJEE CURSETJEE ASHBURNER and HERJEEBHOY CURSETJEE ASHBURNER, of Bombay, Parsee Inhabitants, being with the Plaintiff the Administrators *de bonis non* with the Will annexed of the said CURSETJEE COWASJEE ASHBURNER and DADABHOY CURSETJEE ASHBURNER, COWASJEE CURSETJEE ASHBURNER, ARDESHIR CURSETJEE ASHBURNER and RUSTOMJEE CURSETJEE ASHBURNER, also of Bombay, Parsee Inhabitants, and all residing in the house aforesaid. Defendants.

PURSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay made in the above suit, bearing date the fifth day of February, 1880. Notice is hereby given, that all PERSONS CLAIMING DEBTS or LIABILITIES affecting the estate of Cursetjee Cowasjee Ashburner, deceased, late of Bombay, Parsee Inhabitant the testator in the pleadings of the above suit mentioned, who died at Bombay on or about the 9th day of February, 1875, are hereby required to file such claims in writing in my office in the Court House, WITHIN ONE CALENDAR MONTH from the date hereof, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order.—Dated this 26th day of April, 1880.

CHARLES E. FOX,
Commissioner.

SPARKLING BURGUNDY.

THE Undersigned solicit special attention to this delicious Wine.

The Consignment now on sale is full-bodied, rich in flavour, of exquisite bouquet, and well suited for invalids.

	Cash. Rs. a.
Quarts, per dozen	38 0

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER & CO.'S

SUPERFINE VIOLET POWDER.

A combination of Farinaceous and Vegetable Ingredients, Scented with agreeable and attractive Perfumes.

IT is perfectly innocuous to the most delicate skin, well adapted as an absorbent Powder for

TOILET AND NURSERY USE IN INDIA, and guaranteed to be

Free from Arsenic or other injurious matter.

	Cash.	Credit.
Small size Tins ..... Rs.	0 10	0 12
Double size Tins ..... „	1 0	1 2

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
Pharmacists and Dispensing Chemists,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

THE BEST, PUREST AND

MOST WHOLESOME NON-INTOXICATING DRINKS

MANUFACTURED IN INDIA.

CASH PRICE LIST.

TREACHER & Co.'s GINGER ALE, per doz. Re. 1-8.	TREACHER & Co.'s LIME-ADE, per doz. Re. 1-8.
TREACHER & Co.'s SODA WATER, per doz. as. 12.	TREACHER & Co.'s TONIC WATER, per doz. Re. 1.
TREACHER & Co.'s LEMONADE, per doz. Re. 1.	TREACHER & Co.'s GINGERADE, per doz. Re. 1.
TREACHER & Co.'s POTASH WATER, per doz. as. 12.	TREACHER & Co.'s AERATED WATER, per doz. as. 12.

&c. &c. &c. &c.

Bottles (returnable) charged Rs. 2 per dozen extra.

TREACHER'S GINGER ALE, is highly aromatic and pleasingly pungent to the palate; the various ingredients of which it is composed are proportioned to a nicety, and the utmost care and cleanliness (*as with all our Aerated Waters*) are exercised in its production.

TREACHER'S LIME-ADE, is a delicious carbonated preparation of the Montserrat Lime Fruit Juice, an antiscorbutic, blood-purifying drink of superior character ranking as a companion to our much admired Ginger Ale. It is cooling and refreshing at all times, healthful and suited to the present season, and being of full citricity and flavour is palatable and agreeable both as a medicinal agent and as a beverage.

TREACHER'S SODA AND POTASH WATERS, are by the aid of steam power charged with Gas at the greatest possible pressure, and thereby rendered sparkling and agreeable in the highest degree.

TREACHER'S TONIC WATER, is unequalled for delicacy of flavour and tonic properties, each bottle containing a definite quantity of Quinine presented in an agreeable form.

TREACHER'S LEMONADE AND GINGERADE, are as flavoured waters celebrated for their freshness and delicious taste.

TREACHER'S AERATED WATER, is thoroughly impregnated with Carbonic Acid Gas, and being free from alkali, it is well adapted for admixture with Claret and Acid Wines. Alone it drinks sharper to the palate and with greater pungency than Soda Water.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LIMITED.

MANUFACTURING AND DISPENSING CHEMISTS AND AERATED BEVERAGE BOTTLERS,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SEASONABLE.

KEMP'S SUMMER EFFERVESCENT AND PURIFYING SALINE.

SOVEREIGN in Headache, Biliousness, Sea-sickness, Boils, Gastric Disorders, and Impurities of the Blood. To regard any imported nostrum as superior to it is an utter delusion an enormous consumption extending daily, and an experience exceeding twenty-five years prove its medicinal excellence. Good condition always guaranteed.

Per Bottle Re. 1-4. Per Dozen Rs. 12.

A DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

D. S. KEMP AND CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

J. NEUBERG,

5, MEADOW STREET.

JUST RECEIVED A SELECT PARCEL OF

JAVA CIGARS

IN SPLENDID CONDITION.

SECOND IMPORTATION TO INDIA OF THESE JUSTLY

CELEBRATED CIGARS.

	Per 1,000.	Per Box of 100
FLOR DE JAVA, "COQUETAS"	Rs. 30	Rs. 3 8
Do. "TRABUCOS"	„ 35	„ 4 0
Do. "ROYALS"	„ 40	„ 4 8

Possessing the specially distinctive character of the MANILLA, with its accompanying FLAVOR and BOUQUET, they will recommend themselves to smokers desirous of a mild, free, and fragrant Cigar.

Samples Forwarded on Application.

J. NEUBERG,

MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

GENTS' BANIANS DRAWERS, &C.,

FOR THE HOT SEASON.

Cash Discount, Two Annas in the Rupee.

BANIANS.

Specially manufactured for India, well stayed at seams.

Fine India Gauze ..... six	14 0
Fine Gauze Merino ..... „	21 0
Superfine, a special Thin Web for India, very soft and elastic	27 0
Fine Merino Gauze Net, a new introduction	35 0
Anglo-Indian Gauze, a mixture of Silk and Merino in equal proportions ..... each	40 0
Stout Drab Merino, Long Sleeves, suitable for the Hills, &c. ..... each	6 8
Grey Shetland Scotch Lambswool for cold climates, Homeward Bound, &c. ..... each	7 0
Cardigan Jackets, Fine Berlin Wool	11 8

DRESSING GOWNS.

Oxford Cloth	16 0
Wove Flannel	16 0

DRAWERS & PANTS, SPLICED SEATS.

Trunk for Riding, Fine Dresser Cotton ..... each	5 0
Fine Brown Cotton Pants Balbriggan Finish ..... „	7 8
Summer Merino, Medium Substance	6 12
Stout Drab Merino	6 8
Real Shetland Scotch Wool	7 0
Bathing Drawers Plain	1 8
Fancy striped do.	2 0

SLEEPING SUITS.

Suitable for Lounge or Verandah wear.

Oxford Cloth. The Original	The very best that can be obtained.	10 0
Wove Flannel		13 0
Silk and Wool		15 0
Tropical Flannel		16 0
French Cambric		7 0

Prompt attention to Mofussil Orders.

Our New Illustrated Catalogue on application.

HOSIERS. { HOAR & CO., BOMBAY. } HOSIERS.

HAMILTON & COMPANY,

RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

Next door to National Bank.

PRETTY LOVE TOKENS.

POSY RINGS.

"Is this a prologue, or the posy of a ring?"—HAMLET [Act III. Scene 2].

"Indeed, at first man was a treasure:
A box of jewels, shop of rarities,
A ring whose *posie* was my pleasure."—*Herrick.*

"*About a hoop of gold, a paltry ring*
That she did give me; whose posey was
For all the world like cutler's poetry
Upon a knife, 'Love me, and leave me not.'"—*Shakespeare.*

Posy Rings with appropriate mottoes, consisting chiefly of a very simple sentiment "FRYENDSHIP" "Joy be with you." "God send her more my wife to be." "The gift is small but love is all." "Endless as this shall be our bliss." "I wish to thee all joy may be." "This and my heart." "Time shall tell I love thee well." "Love is strong as death." Auld Lang Syne." "While Life endures, I will be yours." In thee my choice I do rejoice." Mizpah." &c., &c. priced Rs. 25 each net.

GEM RINGS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

Single Stone Brilliants in Gipsy or Claw Setting, Rs. 68, 81, 130, 180, 200, 225, net. Five Stones or three, all Brilliants, or Brilliants and Coral, Brilliants and Emeralds, Brilliants and Rubies, or five Emeralds, or Rubies only, priced from Rs. 50 to 2,000. A very large collection of cheap gem rings from Rs. 20 to Rs. 45.

LADIES' GUARD RINGS.

Rs. 2 to Rs. 30.

GENTLEMEN'S SIGNET RINGS.

Set according to taste, with Sardonyx, Blood Stone, red or white Cornelian, Lapis-Lazali Striped or Table Onyx, Agate, &c. Rs. 36 to Rs. 80.

Bombay, 19th March 1880.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WILSON'S GREAT WORLD CIRCUS.

THE MANAGEMENT respectfully announce to the Public of Bombay that on account of arrangements which had been entered into to proceed to Baroda for one week having been cancelled, they are obliged to stay in Bombay for one week more in order to complete the advertising of the Circus in Madras and with a determination that the children shall have an opportunity to visit the Circus to witness

THE BEAUTIFUL FAIRY SPECTACLE OF

CINDERELLA,

OR THE LITTLE GLASS SLIPPER.

That for the EVENINGS of MONDAY and TUESDAY only a child under twelve years of age will be admitted

FREE,

when accompanied by an adult, to any of the first, second, third or fourth classes.

Mr. WILSON pledges his word that this is the last opportunity they will have of witnessing the rational, chaste, elegant and talented performances of

THE GREAT WORLD CIRCUS.

THIS EVENING, MONDAY,
In addition to the two Entertainments,
CONSISTING OF
THE CIRCUS,
AND
THE FAIRY SPECTACLE OF
CINDERELLA,
A GRAND WRESTLING MATCH
FOR
A GOLD MEDAL
will take place in the Arena between
THE CHAMPION WRESTLER
OF SATTARA
AND
AHMED KHAN,
Master of the Fort Gymnasium,
Bombay,
who will contend in manly prowess for the palm of superiority in this noble and ancient athletic exercise.

It is fully expected that this will be one of the most scientific exhibitions of strength and skill that has ever been seen in Bombay.

THE GREAT LOCKHART BROTHERS

Will revel in an entirely New Budget of Comicalities which will astonish and delight all.

MISS VICTORIA COOKE.

This evening in a very daring and talented act of Equestrianism on a bare-backed horse.

HERR MAX SCHUMANN

Will introduce some new and splendid educated horses.

YOUNG GARNET, THE MAN SNAKE,

WILL PERFORM SOME OF THE MOST MARVELLOUS AND ALMOST INCREDIBLE FEATS EVER SEEN IN THE ARENA.

THE WALLHALLA BROTHERS.

IN CLASSICAL, UNIQUE, AND DELIGHTFUL DRAWING ROOM ENTERTAINMENTS.

THE CLOWNS CLUB

THIS WEEK WILL MEET IN THE ARENA AND DISTRIBUTE TO THE ENTIRE AUDIENCE THE HUMOROUS MEDICINAL PRESCRIPTION FOR MAKING EVERYONE LAUGH AND GROW FAT.

And I, JOHN WILSON, Manager of the GREAT WORLD CIRCUS, guarantee that all who favour us with a visit during this week, POSITIVELY OUR FAREWELL NIGHTS, will not forget the talented performances of THE GREAT WORLD CIRCUS.

Three separate Entertainments for one
Price of admission—viz,
THE CIRCUS.
THE FAIRY SPECTACLE OF CINDERELLA,
AND
CHAMPION WRESTLING.

N. B.—We have no occasion to appeal as apologists for the shortcomings of any of our Company.

NOTICE.

TO HER MAJESTY'S JUSTICES OF THE PEACE FOR THE CITY OF BOMBAY.

A MEETING of HER MAJESTY'S JUSTICES of the PEACE for the City of Bombay will be held in the Durbar Room, Town Hall, on WEDNESDAY next, the 5th May, 1880, at 5 p.m., for the election of a Member of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay in the room of T. B. Kirkham, Esquire, who has resigned his seat from the aforesaid date.

H. W. BARKER,
Clerk to H. M. Justices of the Peace.

Bombay, 24th April 1880.

TREACHER & CO.'S

CONCENTRATED COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.

PREPARED with the very best materials and with the greatest care, so as to obtain the full medicinal properties of each of the articles of which it is composed.

This preparation of the *finest Jam

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 24.

REUTER'S telegrams of yesterday's date quote Consols at 98¾ and this morning at 99, and Rentes Fcs. 119. Indian Government Securities on Friday gave way ¼, and were quoted at 78¾ and 84¾ for Fours and Fours-and-a-half respectively. Money appears to be rather tighter, as Indian 4 month's sight Bills are now quoted equal to the Bank rate.

Metals in London continue to decline. Copper is £1 per ton lower, Braziers being now quoted at £71 and Wallaroo at £75. Hard Spelter is 5s. per ton cheaper, and is quoted at £14-5 per ton.

In the General Produce markets Coffee is unchanged and Cocoanut Oil 10s. per ton lower. Linseed is steady, and in Bombay Seed an advance of 6d. per quarter is reported. Rapeseed is unchanged. The quotations for Wheat are irregular.

In the Manchester market yesterday Piece Goods were dull at a decline of 1¼d. per piece in 45 inch, and 5-4 inch Shirtings, and 5½ lbs. Madapollams, and 1d. per piece in Jacconets and Mulls. Yarn was unaltered.

The Liverpool Cotton market yesterday was dull at a decline of 1-16th. per lb. all round in spot prices, and Surats to arrive were especially dull, sales being pressed on the market. The day's sales were 7,000 bales, of which 500 were Surats. To-day the market closed quiet sales 5,000 bales, of which 400 bales were Surats. Prices on the spot are unchanged, but Americans for future delivery are a trifle weaker, to-day's quotation for L. M. Uplands, May-June delivery, being 6 13-16th. per lb. against the same rate for May delivery on Friday, and 6¾d. per lb. for August-September delivery; as distant deliveries in the present state of the market evidently command the best prices.

The following is our usual weekly comparison of the position of Cotton for this and the past two years :—

	1880.	1879.	1878.
Total supply of all kinds.	2,570,000	2,148 310	2,578,170
" " Surats	416,000	339,830	333,330
Stock in Liverpool.....	702,000	606 320	861,730
" London	39,000	55 660	13 150
American Afloat.....	180,000	216,000	222,000
E. Indian "	137,000	97 000	91,000
Total.....	1,058,000	974,980	1,187,880
Price of Mid. Uplands...	6¾d.	6¾ l.	5 15-16d.
" Fair Dhollera...	5 7-16d.	4¾ l.	4 13-16d.
Difference.....	1 7-16d.	1¾d.	1¾d.

From the above it will be seen that there is a reduction of 40,000 bales in the total visible supply, but an increase of 30,000 bales in Surats compared with last week; and inasmuch as the proportion of Surat will increase weekly during the next three months, we may look for a greater margin in price between them and Americans than exists at present, especially as the margin now is below the average of former seasons.

The receipts of Cotton at the U. S. ports to date compare with those of the past two seasons as follows, viz :—

	1880.	1879.	1878.
Weeks Receipts	36,000	37,000	33,000
" Exports to U. K.....	47,000	27 000	47,500
" " Continent	14,000	9,000	32,000
Total Receipts since 1st Sept.	4,595,000	4,282,000	4,750,000
" Exports to U. K. " ...	2,006,000	1,780,000	1,735,400
" " Continent " ...	1,086,800	1,338,000	1,297,500
" Stock in the Ports ...	669,000	402,000	446 000
Saturday's Receipts.....	5,000	2,600	55,00

The price for ready Mid. Uplands in New York to-day is the same as on Friday, but futures for July delivery have regained part of the decline then quoted, and are now given at 11·90 against 11·81 cents per. lb. on Friday.

Bar Silver in London is still quoted at 51¾d. per oz.

EXCHANGE.—The market as usual on mail day, when there are no outside influences at work, has been quiet with very few bills offering, and rates are quite unchanged from our yesterday's quotations, both here and in Calcutta. Some little attention has been paid to the report that the last Indian Financial Statement is causing annoyance in official circles at home, which may mean that one of the first acts of the Liberal Government will be to raise a new Indian Loan. However, as yet is is no thing but a report and there may be nothing in it, and if a new Loan was generally anticipated at home we should in all probability have seen a greater drop when ¼ per cent. in those now in existence in London yesterday

Our closing rates for sterling, both for ready Bills and for May delivery, are :—

Bank Bills, on demand .....1s. 7 d.	per Rs.
Do. 3 months' sight is. 8d.	"
Credits, 3 do. ...1s. 8¼d.	"
Documents, 3 do. ...1s 8 5-32d.	"
Francs 3 do. 2·12.	"

On Calcutta rates are unchanged at Rs. 99 15-16 for demand draft, and Rs. 99½ for 60 days' sight bills.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.—There has not been much doing at our yesterday's quotations of Rs. 95¾ for Fours and Rs. 102¼ for Fours-and-a-half here, and Rs. 95½ and Rs. 102¾ in Calcutta.

SHARES.—In Bank shares Bombays are in good demand at Rs. 700. In Press Companies the only quotable change is an advance of Rs. 5 per share in Berars. Spinning and Weaving Companies' shares are in moderate demand at Friday's rates. In Miscellaneous shares the only change is an advance of Rs. 25 in Bombay Saw Mills.

COTTON.—A feeling almost amounting to panic has prevailed in this market this afternoon. With the enormous supplies arriving from up-country, for which there is at present so little demand, owing to the unfavourable accounts from home, dealers are at length realizing the fact that their stocks here are accumulating rapidly, notwithstanding the heavy shipments which have already been made this month, and are prepared to sell to-day at Rs. 3 to Rs. 4 per candy decline, and if the present rate of supply and demand continues for another week another very material decline in prices here must be the result. The arrivals yesterday were 11,919 bales. We quote :—

Good M. G. Broach, Ready	Rs. 233	per candy
" " May dely.....	" 231	"
" Dholleras Ready	" 221	"
" " May dely.....	" 216	"
F. G. F. "	" 207	"
G. F. "	" 200	"
Good Comrawuttee, Ready	" 218	"
" " May dely.....	" 217	"
" S G Dharwar "	" 215	"

WHEAT AND SEEDS are unchanged. Linseed Rs. 6-4-0 to Rs. 6-5 per cwt. Gingelat Rapeseed Rs. 5-10 per cwt. White Wheat Rs. 3-4 and Red Rs. 3-1 per candy.

FREIGHTS.—The market keeps steady at 42s. 6d. per ton for ready and May loading to Liverpool via Cape and Canal. For London via Canal rates are rather easier at 45s. per ton for measurement. A wooden ship has been fixed for Havre for May loading at 42s. 6d. per ton, and a steamer for Marseilles at 42s. 6d. per ton. Rates are reported for Marseilles and Genoa in a ready steamer at 60s. per ton, Freight paid here at par. For Trieste and Venice 52s. 6d. per ton is the quotation.

PIECE GOODS.—There has been very little doing to-day with houses, and in the bazaar the feeling is easier.

COALS are unchanged.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount	Paid up.	Last Dividend	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	2,500	500	500	4 p. ct	705
Bank of Bengal.....	40,000	500	all	8 do	740
Bank of Madras.....	10,000	500	all	8 do	660
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	10	all	3 do	193x-d
Chartd Bk. L. & China ...	40,000	20	all	6 do	200
Chartd Mercantile ...	30,00	25	all	6 do	37¾
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank	40,000	28½	all	8 do	47¾
National Bank of India.	87,300	25	12½	5 do	17
Oriental Bank	60,000	25	all	5 do	305

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	150	5,000	2,850	50	825
Albert Ginning Co....	100	500	all	18 p.ct	425
Albert Press Co., Kamptee	200	2,000	1,100	12½	1,075
Apollo Press Co., (small shares)	750	2,400	2,200	32	300
Bellary	625	1,000	1000	20 p. s	440
Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.....	600	500	all	50	440
New Indian Press	1,000	350	300	14	105
Branch Cotton Ginning & Press Co	1,400	250	all	10	30
Calabe Press Co.....	500	1,880	1,880	70	453
Dholleras Press and Ginning Co	800	300	all	18	200
East India Press Co....	700	1,000	1,000	100	900x-d.
Fort Press Co	150	8,500	8,500	50	1,025
French Press Co.....	1,000	500	all	60	435
Hind Press Co	400	2,000	750	5	455
Mofussil Co.....	3,125	400	400	3	110
Prince of W. Press	13	....	1, 0	7	165
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co., ...	100	1,500	750	112	1,150
Swadeshi Press Co.....	300	500	500	25	50
Volkart's Press Co.	45	1,000	all	50	585

* P. T. Bonds.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay Saw Mills	600	1,000	1,000	80	550
Bombay Ice Manufactory & Co., Limited ..	1,250	100	100	10p.ct.	117x-d
Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	225	1900
Indian Guarantee & Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	15 p.ct	10
Murrochee Lending and shipping Co.	500	500	300	36	265
Mechanics' Buildings Co.....	4,000	50	50	3 p.ct.	17nl
Oriental Govt. Security Life Assurance Co....	5,000	200	50	..	50
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	10 p.ct	23
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	2,000	100	100	8	880
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500	all	60	725
Thacker & Co.	1,000	100	100	10	125

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

HER Majesty's Gunboat Wildswan, 1,124 tons, 6 guns, Captain S. H. P. Deares, sailed on Saturday last for Zanzibar.

THE British steamship Rebecca, 1,020 tons, Captain W. Pender, sailed on Saturday last for Havre with a general cargo.

THE British steamship Lord Derby, 1 132 tons, Captain G. Foster, sailed on Saturday last for Trieste, Venice, &c., with a general cargo.

THE ship Seaforth, 1,189 tons, Captain W. Hall, arrived in harbour on the 24th inst. from Alleppy (4th April) with a general cagro. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE ship Country of Hadington, 1,865 tons, Captain W. Armour, which arrived in harbour on the 23rd inst. from Newport (4th Jan.), brought a cargo of 2 822 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to P and O S N Co.

THE steamer Camelot, 1,049 tons, Captain J. Daily, arrived in harbour on the 23rd inst. from Kurrachee (21st April) with a general cagro and 14 deck passengers. The vessel is consigned to Messrs W. and A. Graham and Co.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s streamer Pachamba, 544 tons' Captain R. L. Turner, arrived in the harbour on the 23rd inst. from the Persian Gulf, via Kurrachee, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Col. Hichins, Col. Carnegy, Mr. and Mrs. Whympen and three children, Mrs. Wallace and three children, Surg. Genl. Joyant, Mr. Stuart Mr. Watson, Mr. Laughtin, Apothecary McIntyre, four natives, 16 rank and file of 21st Bombay N. I., and 105 deck.

THE Clan Line steamer Clan Gordon, 1,354 tons, Captain W. Cowie, which arrived in harbour on the 23rd inst, from Glasgow, via Liverpool, brought the following cargo :—10 bales twist, 1,640 pipes, 113 packages piece goods, 7 packages umbrellas, 10 packages thread, 250 packages beer, 3 packages show cards, 30,000 bricks, 79 packages colour and paint, 20 packages ochre, 45 cases soap, 30 casks clay, 40 packages oil-manstore, 50 barrels coal tar, 100 barrels pitch, 429 tons coals and some packages merchandise. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Finlay, Muir and Co.

ARRIVALS.

April	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
23	Pachumba (s).....	Turner	Bussorah, April 9.
	Jamelee	Daily	Kurrachee, April 21.
24	Seforth	Hall	Alleppy, April 4.
	Macedonia (s).....	Laird	Kurrachee, April 22.
	Pearl (s	Raffin	Mandvee, April 22.
25	Jwanoe (s)	Bobt	Shanghai, April 2.
	Bengalore (s)	Wyatt	Sydney, March 28.
	Akola (s)	Nicoda	Zanzibar, April 14.
	City of Canton	Dick	South Wales, Dec 24.
	Othona	Stannus	Cardiff, Nov 19.

DEPARTURES.

April	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
24	Speke Hall (s)	Brand.....	Liverpool.
	Umballa (s)	Nailer	Kurrachee.
	Salazie	Leyeath	Calcutta.
	Granville	Williams ...	Bremerhaven.
	I G Transerim(s)	Street.....	Kurrachee.
	I G Gearwitch (s) ..	Elton	Kurrachee.
	A M S Wildswan ..	Deares	Zanzibar.
	Rebecca (s)	Pender	Havre.
	Sarat (s)	Breeze	Venice, &c.
	Lord Derby (s)	Foster.....	Trieste, Venice, &c.

The following vessels began to load on Saturday last :—
Steamer Guy Mannering, for United Kingdom or Continent.
Steamer Pachumba, for Persian Gulf via Kurrachee.
Steamer Camelot, for London, Suez, Port Said and Aden.

CALCUTTA.

April. ARRIVALS.

21 Dorando (s).....Templeton ...London, March 13.
Madura (s) .....Smith.....Huseneb, March 31.
Mecca (s) .....Thompson ...Singapore, April 2.

DEPARTURES.

April 21.—Steamers Suez, Reliance and Chanda.

MADRAS.

April. DEPARTURES.

22 Indian Chief .... Coconada.
Sylvia (s) .... London via S.
23 Dumphalie Castle ... . Port Natal.
Berwickshire .... London.

DAILY IMPORTS.—April 24.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Italia s—5 cases anilinedyes Heptoola Tyebjee.
Macedonia s—3 cases glassware A Murcott and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Tenedos s—24 packages glassware Abdoolally Kheroolabhoy.
Verona s—14 cases writing paper S A S Dawood, 11 bales Hardware proof The *Bombay Gazette*, 128 boxes silver (Rs 30,000) The Agra Bank, 4 cases chloroform Bhica Cullianjee, 10 cases castor oil and 50 packages oilmanstore Essoofally Rassoolji, 130 cases eau de cologne John S Elmore and Co, 150 cases copper sheets and 110 cases yellow metal sheets, Ritchie, Stewart and Co, 6 cases biscuit, Bolton and Co.
Marlborough s—36 cases champagne Eduljee Bazonjee.

FROM GENOA.

Sumatra s—60 boxes brandy, Nowrojee Ardeseer and Sons.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Sumatra s—2 hogsheads claret, Green and Garins.

DAILY EXPORTS.—April 24.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Khersonese—150 bales cotton Thos H Moore and Co, 200 bales cotton Pet, Cassels and Co, 50 bales cotton Ritchie, Stewart and Co, 50 bales hemp Vussonjee Veerjee.
Ayoodalee—100 bales cotton Cowarjee Nowrojee and Co, 35 bales cotton Dossjee Bhanjee and Co, 100 bales cotton Lukhmsey Vurudhum, 300 bales cotton Lyon and Co.
Edwina s—9 bales cotton, Tricomjee Mooljee and Co.
Bonhomme Hall —4,000 cwts wheat F Mascetti and Co, 50 cwts wheat, Veerjee Runoojee, 200 bales cotton E Spinner and Co.
Euphrates s—20 bales cotton Jaikissori Casseebhoy.

FOR LONDON.

Glenrath s—70 cwts horns, V Ikart Brothers 84 cwts dry ginger Currumsey Khetsey and Co.,
Khiva s—14 bales hides and skins Goolamally Peerbhoy, 1 bundle carpets H A Mola, 6 bales skins and 35 cwts horns Fazul M Dewa.
Verona s—440 cwts coolrs A M Hasum.

FOR VENICE.

Lord Derby s—65 bales cotton Gaddum and Co.
Tebe —300 bales cotton E Spinner and Co, 100 bales cotton W and A Graham and Co, 200 bales cotton Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Tenedos—1,004 cwts mowra flower Reili, Brothers 550 bales cotton, Lang, Moir and Co, 300 bales cotton F Sanquet and Co, 200 cwts horns A Blaccheck and Co.
Sumatra s—200 bales cotton Gaddum and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Tenedos s—200 bales cotton Lang, Moir and Co.
Sumatra s—18 cwts gingelly seed Sigg, Sulzer and Co.

FOR U. K. OR CONTINENT.

Robert Lees 7,500 cwts linseed Wallace and Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

Royal Minstrel s—500 bales cotton A Blaccheck and Co 200 bales cotton Ralli, Brothers, 100 bales cotton Lang, Moir and Co.
Sumatra s—100 bales cotton E Spinner and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Branksome Hall s—16 bales hides and skins Edules Hajee Abdool Gufoor and Co. 2 bales wool Hajee Abdool Gnfoor and Co.

HIGH COURT.—April 26.

[Before the Honourable Mr. JUSTICE BAYLEY.]

[AFTER THE INSOLVENCY.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

443-79—Nanu and H (for pauper —Sadasew Bhasker Joshi vs Dholubai and others—Khunderao M and in person—Part heard.
561-78—Jefferson, B and D—Dewsey Anand vs Ghunsey Kessow and others—H Bicknell—Part heard.
780-77—Shapoorjee and T—Ismaljee Jeewabhoy and another vs Cooverjee Liladhar and others—Smith and F.
779-77—Shapoorjee and T—Ismaljee Jeewabhoy and another vs Vullubdass Vundrawandass and others—Smith and F.

[Before the Honourable Mr. JUSTICE WEST.]

Such of the following New Long Causes fixed for to-day, which either party has informed the Prothonotary or the Deputy Registrar, will be defended, will not be called on until any Consent Decree and defended suits in the list are disposed of. Defended suits will stand over and be taken in their order.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

NEW LONG CAUSES.

122-80—Ardesir and R—The New Alexandera S and W Coy vs Pestonjee Nowrojee and others.
123-80—Pestonjee K—Framjee Rustomjee Butler vs Perozebai and another.
128-80—Jeffreson, B and D—Hoosenbhoy bin Syedna Abdool Cader Nujmoodin and another vs Cooverjee Jehangir Jussawala—H W Payne.

LONG CAUSES.

532-78—Trabjee and S—Sakerlal Atmaram vs Luckmidass Tricumdass and others—H W Payne, K M and in person—Part heard.
116-80—In person [a pauper]—Ramajee Dhondoo and another vs Soora Wada and another—H Bicknell and in person.
78-80—In person [a pauper]—Ismailkhan and others vs Abdool Ganny and another—in person.

[Before the Honourable Mr. JUSTICE MARRIOTT.]

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

In the goods, chattles, credits and effects of Hanuman Bosawn deceased—Janardhun G—Chotalall Bosawn vs Cassibai widow—Mirza Hoosen Khan—For Judgment.

For investigation under Sec. 408 of Act X of 1877.

In person—Sukhabebee vs Aishabebee and another—In person—Part heard.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

In the goods and chattles, credits and effects of Bhimra Fuckira, deceased—Muljee and V—Insambai, widow of the deceased vs Dada Fuckira and Bugabai—Trubjee and S.

In the matter of the last Will and Testament of Thacker Petamber Girdhun, deceased—Khunderao M—Bai Navivahu, widow vs Thacker Soorjee Jewandass—M M Munshi.

For Investigation under Sec. 408 of Act X of 1877.

In person—Vussonjee Damoder and others vs Gungabai and another—Tyabjee and S.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

Statement of Traffic for the week ending 17th April 1880.

Open 1,775½ miles.	Rs.	a.	p.
Coaching	1,39 681	0	0
Merchandise	4,87,635	0	0
Sundries	1,267	0	0
Total Rs.....	6,28,763	0	0
Corresponding week last year, open 1,703½ miles ..... Total Rs	6,72,923	9	0
Decrease	44,160	9	0

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

BOMBAY, 23rd April 1880.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m. 2 a.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah	29·824
Temperature of the Air	83·2
Wet Bulb Thermometer	74·1
Dew Point.....	70·3
Relative humidity of Air	·656
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded- 8.)	1·6
Maximum temperature of air (read at 3 p.m.).....	87·5
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m.)	76·1
General Direction of Wind* .....W, WNW, NW, N, NNW, NW, WNW.	
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	248

* From midnight to midnight.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—April 23.

Knox, Lieut, 4th Cavalry, on leave, from Aurungabad.

April 24.

Hichens, Lieut Col, R E, on leave, from Kandahar.

DEPARTURES.—April 24.

Smith, Col. Staff Corps, on leave, to England.
Bunbury, Major, Comt Dept, on leave, to England.
Beatson, Surg on leave, to Australia.
Sandwith, Lieut, 8th Bombay N I, from leave, to Poona.
Bellew, Surg Major, on leave, to England.
Lloyd, Surg, on leave, to England.
Rose, Captain, R E, on leave, to England.
Wahab, Col, 8th Bombay N I, on leave, to England.
Morrison, Captain, 14th Lancers, on leave, to England.
Gabbett, Major, 25th Madras N I, to rejoin, to Bengal.

April 25.

Dutt, Surg, on duty, to Mallgaum.

NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES ORDERS.

(*North-Western Provinces Gazette*, April 17)

Mr W C Benett, C S, Asst Comsr, 2nd grade, Gonda, seven months' furlough to Europe on medical certificate from the 10th inst, together with the usual subsidiary leave.

Mr W R Tucker, Asst Comsr [Mau-Ranipur], Jhansi, leave on private affairs for six months, with effect from the 1st May 1880, together with subsidiary leave for thirteen days.

Mr C P Carmichael, Comsr of Benares division, privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the 8th April 1880.

Mr H B Punnett, Asst Mag and Collr, Bijnor, privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 11th May 1880.

Mr C A Daniell, Offg Comsr, Agra div, privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 7th April 1880.

The Rev W H Gale, Chaplain of Cawnpore, privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 5th April 1880.

Mr J Macpherson, Asst Mag and Collr, Hamirpur, leave on urgent private affairs for five months and a half, with effect from the 19th April, 1880, together with subsidiary leave for twelve days.

Mr H Lushington, Dist and Sessions Judge, Allahabad, subsidiary leave preparatory to retirement from the service.

The furlough to Europe for seven months granted to Mr F Kilvert, Asst Supt, Tarai, by Notification No 962, dated 1st April, 1880, is hereby cancelled.

In supersession of Notification No 848, dated 25th March, 1880, Maj C S Noble, Asst Comr, Bahraich, privilege leave for, two months and twenty-eight days, from 22nd April, 1880.

Mr J H Fisher, Offg Mag and Collr, Meerut, privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 21st April, 1880.

Mr M A McConachey, Mag and Collr, Banda, privilege leave for two months and twenty-two days, from 1st May 1880.

Mr J C Leupolt, Offg Mag and Collr, Ballia, furlough to Europe for six months, with effect from the 22nd April, 1880, together with subsidiary leave for twelve days.

Mr J W Williams, Dist Supt of Police, Saharanpur, two months and twenty-eight days' privilege leave, with effect from the 1st May, 1880.

Mr W C Thomas, Dist Supt of Police, Meerut, furlough on medical certificate to Europe for nineteen months, with effect from 17th April, 1880, together with the usual subsidiary leave.

With reference to the notification from this Dept, No 612, dated the 8th March, 1880, Mr Bosey, Offg City Mag, Lucknow, to be Secy to the Committee for the examination of Asst Comsr and other officers in Oudh, vice Major D G Pitcher.

Munshi Narayan Das, Offg Sub-Judge, Unao, to officiate as Judge, Small Cause Court, Lucknow, during the absence on leave of Maj D G Pitcher.

Mr E Bosc, Offg Joint Mag, 1st grade, Banda [Kirwi], to officiate as Mag and Collr, Banda, during the absence on leave of Mr McConeghey or till further orders.

Mr H M Bird, Asst Mag, Banda, to be in charge of the Kirwi subdivision, vice Mr Rose, on deputation.

Mr D T Roberts, offg Joint Mag, 1st gade, Fatehpur, to officiate as Mag and Collr, 2nd grade, Ballia, during the absence on leave of Mr J C Leupolt or until further orders.

Mr J Gurner, Asst Supt of Police, to hold charge of the current duties of the office of Dpty Supt of Police, Saharanpur, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr Williams or until further orders.

Mr J V Sturt, Asst Comsr, 2nd class, who has reported his return from furlough on the 6th April, 1880, is posted to the Jhansi dist [Mau-Ranipur].

Mr J H Fisher, Joint Mag, 1st grade, to be a Mag and Collr 2nd grade, with effect from the 10th April, 1880.

With effect from the 10th April, 1880, Mr C W Mellor, Mag and Collr, 2nd grade, to be a Joint Mag of the 1st grade, and to officiate as Mag and Collr, 1st grade.

Mr H F Evans, Settlemon, Officer, from Agra to Allahabad, as a temporary measure, for special duty.

Munshi Kanaujh Lal Misr, Extra Asst Comr, from Bara Bank to Gonda.

Mr H P Mulock, Jointe l Mag, from Agra to Meerut,

Mr W R Tucker Offg Asst Comsr, from Jhansi [Maulkanipur] to Jalaun.

Mr R H Story, Asst Comsr, 1st class, from Jalaun to Lalitpur.

Surgn P J Freyer, M D, Civil Surgn, from Azamgarh to Ghazipur.

Surgn J C Shircore, Civil Surgn, from Jhansi to Azamgarh.

ORDERS BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

Adjutant General's Office, Simla, April 7.

Lieut Col Frederick Eustace Lowes, R (late Bengal) Ar, having applied to retire from the service on the full pay pension of his rank, is permitted to proceed to England, in anticipation of the approval of H R H the Field Marshal Comdg-in-Chief being received. Under clause XVI, para 189, part I, and clause IX, para 160, part II, Transport Regulations.

Major H C Maganis, R H A, is directed to proceed from Jellalabad to Umballa, and join I Batty C Bgde R H A, into which he has been appointed. Under clause VII, para 160 Transport Regulations, part II.

With the sanction of Govt, Capt W C Hood, 2-2nd Foot, is appointed Bgde Major to the 2nd Infy Bgde Kuram Field Force vice Capt (Local Major) H T Jones, 81st Foot, invalided.

The following orders are confirmed :—

Shalozan Station order, dated the 7th Feb 1880, appointing Lieut H P Picot, 29th Punjab N I to be Station Staff Officer.

Jhelum Station order, dated the 26th March 1880, appointing Lieut Col J Roberts, commanding depôt 24th N I, to the charge of the depôt 32nd Pioneers, in addition to his other duties, vice Major C N Hodgson, appointed Paymaster Kuram Transport.

5th Native Infantry—Regtl order, dated the 18th March 1880, appointing Lieut H Read, Wing Officer and Qrmr, and Offg Adjt to officiate as Wing Comdr, in addition to his other duties as Offg Adjt, consequent on Major A T Davis having proceeded on furlough.

18th Native Infantry—Regtl order, dated the 28th Feb 1880, making the following appointment, vice Lieut Col W Wilson, proceeded on furlough :—

Lieut Col F Allen, 2nd in Comd, to officiate as Comdt.
Lieut Col H DeBrett, Wing Comdr, to officiate as 2nd in Comd.
Lieut C A R Sage, Wing Officer and Adjt, to officiate as Wing Comdr, no Captain being available.
Lieut F G Vivian, Wing Officer and Qrmr, to officiate as Adjt. in addition to his other duties.

Adjutant General's Office, Simla, April 8.

The C-in-C in India is pleased to make the following appointments :—

2nd Battalion 7th Fusiliers—Lieut Robert P B Rodiek to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Pochin, promoted, subject to the approval of H R H the Field Marshal Comdg-in-Chief, dated 1st Jan 1880.

62nd Regiment—Lieut F C Beaton to be Interpreter, vice Dennies, promoted, dated 22nd March 1880.

Murree Depôt—Surgn Major H J Rose, Army Medl Dept, offciating in medical charge, to continue in permanent medical charge for the current year, vice Surgn Major Walsh, whose tour of duty has expired.

Native Base Hospital Kuram Field Force—Surgn Major H Cookson, of the 5th Bl Cav, to the medical charge of the hospital.

5th Bengal Cavalry—Surgn W Gillies, M B, to the officiating medical charge of the regiment, during the absence of Surgn Major H Cookson, or until further orders.

5th Native Infantry—Surgn R T Wright, M D, to the permanent medical charge of the regiment, but to continue till further orders in officiating medical charge of the 37th N I.

Surgn G M Nixon to continue to officiate in medical charge of the regiment, during the absence of Surgn Wright, or until further orders.

23rd Pioneers—Surgn H Hamilton, M D, to the permanent medical charge of the corps, with effect from the 19th March, vice Surgn Major E Taylor, retired.

At the examinations held on the 1st Feb 1880, and following days, of the officers attending the 33rd course of garrison instruction in Bengal, the following officers have qualified in part II of examinations A and B [G O 275 of 1873.]

Officers of British regiments whose names appear in the following list are held to have passed in subjects [d], [e], [f] and [g] of the examination laid down in para 33, section 4, Queen's Regulations :—

Index No.	Rank.	Names.	Corps.
16	Major	A Vallings, (2)	...1st P Infy.
46	Capt (Bt Maj)...	H A Yates, (2)	...3rd M G.
47	Captain	...C MeD Skene, (2)	...43rd B N I.
1	"	...R G C E Spottiswoode,	...10th Hussars.
37	"	...H A Barr,	...17th B N I.
38	"	...H W Trench,	...2-2nd Foot.
32	"	...M B Luby, (2)	...39th Foot.
31	"	...W H Williams, (4)	...62nd Foot.
33	Lieutenant	...F Farrer, (2)	...39th Foot.
34	"	...J R R Lecky,	...8th Hussars.
2	"	...W F St J Mildmay,	...Rifle Bde.
19	"	...G T Noel,	...68th Foot.
49	"	...A W St George,	...2-14th Foot.
35	"	...W E N Bredin,	...65th Foot.
3	"	...G F Leslie,	...Rifle Bde.
20	Sub-Lieut	...C E Sherard,	...13th M N I.
39	2nd "	...S H Biddulph,	...84th Foot.
4	"	...H T Aubigny,	...10th Hussars.
5	"	...The Hon G L Bellew,	...10th Hussars.
18	Failed in Fortification.		
48	"	... and Surveying.	
(2)	Specially mentioned for proficiency in Fortification.		
(4)	"	Do Do Twice.	

Vety Surgn R Pringle is directed to proceed from Fyzabad to Allahabad, for duty with B Batty 4th Bgde R A. Under clause VII, para 160, Transport Regulations, part II.

With the sanction of Government the following order is confirmed :—

Kabul Field Force order, dated the 2nd March 1880, appointing Surgn Major S B Roe, Army Medl Dept, as Offg Depy Surgn Genl and Principal Medl Officer 1st Divn Kabul Field Force, with effect from the 10th Jan to the 1st Feb 1880.

29th Native Infantry—Regtl order, dated the 15th March 1880, making the following appointments, with effect from the 15th idem, vice Col J H Gordon, C B, appointed to the command of a brigade in the field :—

Maj R Beddy, Wing Comdr, to officiate as Comdt.
Lieut Col G N Channey, V C, to officiate as 2nd in Comd.
Cap A J F Reid, Wing Officer, to officiate as Wing Comdr, in addition to his other duties.

38th Native Infantry—Regtl order, dated the 29th March 1880, appointing Lieut P A Buckland, Wing Officer, on return from furlough, to officiate as Qrmr, in addition to his other duties.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

LEWIS—April 22nd, at Ahmedabad, the wife of the Rev. Alex G Lewis, Chaplain, of a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

IRVINE—April 18th, at Purneah, Mrs. G. J. Irvine, of a daughter.

DEATH.

MACLEOD—April 18th, at Cotechandpore, Jessie, Margaret Sarah, dearly beloved wife of J. S. Macleod.

NOTICE.

MR. A. MENIST has AUTHORIZED his AGENTS, Messrs. C. MARCKS & Co., to SELL his celebrated SPECTACLES, EYE GLASSES, &c., at LOWER PRICES than Mr Menist charged, the expenses not being so great.

NOTICE.

PASSENGERS TRAVELLING on the B. B. & C. I. LINE can obtain copies of the BOMBAY GAZETTE Daily Edition on the same day at the Bulsar Station.

Agent : EDULJEE PESTONJEE DESAI,
Wine Merchant.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, APRIL 26, 1880.

MR. GLADSTONE has been sent for by the Queen, with evident reluctance, and entrusted with the formation of the new Ministry. It is to be regretted that there should have been any hesitation in taking a step in accordance with constitutional usage. Mr. Gladstone was so pre-eminently the leader amongst those whose exertions overturned the Cabinet and the party of Lord Beaconsfield, that the endeavour to ignore the fact, and to treat Lord Granville or Lord Hartington as the representative of the successful Liberals was perfectly futile, and might have been mischievous. The Marquis of Hartington showed discretion and statesman ship in advising Her Majesty, when he was sent for to Windsor, to ask the member for Midlothian to form the new Government. A Cabinet organized by the noble Marquis while Mr. Gladstone was tabooed, would have been as great a portent, as would have been—if the Conservatives had proved the winners—Lord George Hamilton in the Premiership with Lord Beaconsfield left out in the cold. The thing could not have worked. The noble Marquis would have held office from week to week, and on sufferance. Mr. Gladstone chafing under the sense of a personal grievance would not be less impetuous or more placable than he is at the best of times, when all is going well, and his influence is recognised and respected. In every point of view it is best for

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR MILITARY CORRESPONDENT WITH GENERAL STEWART'S FORCE.)

THE BRITISH VICTORY AT NANI.

DESPERATE FIGHTING.

HEAVY LOSS OF THE ENEMY.

DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGHT.

GHAZNI, THRO' KABUL, APRIL 24.

A sharp action took place near Ghazni, at Ahmed Khel, on the 19th, and resulted in the complete defeat of the enemy, numbering about thirty thousand men, by General Stewart's army.

On the 17th of April the enemy, were observed retiring towards Ghazni, and on the 18th our Cavalry exchanged a few shots with them, and they then retired.

On the 19th the enemy occupied a strong position near Ahmed Khel, and were attacked by General Stewart, with the Artillery and Cavalry under General Palliser, and by the Second Brigade under General Hughes. General Barter's Brigade formed the rear guard.

The action commenced at nine o'clock and fire was opened at 1,500 yards range by the A Battery of the Horse Artillery.

General Hughes's Brigade, consisting of the 59th Regiment, the 3rd Goorkhas and the 2nd Sikhs, formed up for attack and advanced to storm the heights. The enemy, without awaiting our arrival, rushed down into the ravine and charged up to the advancing troops with reckless daring. They were shot down in hundreds. They then swarmed round and attacked three sides of our position with such force that the Infantry on the right had to retire some distance before they could make a firm stand. The Artillery now opened fire at 30 yards with case and reversed Shrapnel, and not until then was the advance of the enemy checked.

The check was materially contributed to by the firm stand made by the 2nd Punjab Cavalry, who made a splendid charge and killed many of the enemy. The 3rd Goorkhas on the left and the 19th Punjabis on the right most gallantly held the ground until the Artillery took up position in the rear. In like manner the enemy's cavalry met ours half way in a charge, and a desperate hand to hand conflict ensued At 10-30 General Barter's Brigade arrived on the ground and then the battle was over, and the enemy in full retreat.

Their loss was enormous: twelve hundred dead were counted on the field. Our loss was slight owing to the inferior weapons of the enemy and their great daring which led them to expose themselves freely. Our casualties were 17 killed and one hundred and twelve wounded, including Colonel Lawson, Lieut. Watson, of the 59th Foot, Captain Corbett, of the Artillery, Lieut. Young, of the 19th Cavalry dangerously); Captain Broome and Lieut. Stewart, 2nd Cavalry. General Hughes was struck by a spent bullet in the chest.

The enemy was so broken that no stand was made on the 20th.

The army entered Ghazni this morning (the 20th) without opposition and will advance towards Kabul on the 24th.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

THE SITUATION AT KANDAHAR.

KANDAHAR, APRIL 25.

The situation here is unchanged. Excitement no doubt exists all along the line, caused by letters from Ghazni calling on the people to rise. However, now that Ghazni has fallen, the tribes will quiet down as the mass of the population are pleased at our success.

THE GOVERNOR OF KANDAHAR.

Sirdar Shere Ali Wali of Kandahar is now in the districts punishing the villages about Dubrai who harboured the party which attacked that post. A detachment of the 19th from here and a party of 28 with 2 mountain guns from Chaman and a troop of Sind Horse, all under the command of Major Singleton, are acting with him. This is the first time the Sirdar has shown himself outside Kandahar since he was appointed Governor. The effect has been good as the reported gatherings have dispersed and nearly all the headmen of the surrounding villages have come in.

AFGHAN ADMIRATION OF MAJOR WAUDBY'S GALLANTRY.

Major Waudby's gallant defence of the Dubrai post excited universal admiration of all villagers around. The enemy confess to a loss of 12 killed and 18 wounded.

The 7th Fusiliers will arrive to-morrow.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

MUSA KHAN AT THE BATTLE OF NANI.

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 25.

Musa Khan was present at the action beyond Ghazni, but whereabouts he is now is not known. Probably he will be carried off to Herat.

THE EFFECTS OF THE VICTORY.

The best effect has already ensued from General Stewart's victory, in the honour of which a salute of 31 guns was fired in the Bala Hissar.

THE FURTHER MOVEMENTS OF GENERAL STEWART'S FORCE.

The further movements probably will be as follows:—General Stewart assumes command, by virtue of his seniority of the Ghazni, Kabul and Khyber forces. He arrives at Kabul next week. One brigade from Ghazni will join General Ross at Sydabad, when the combined force will turn eastward through Tangi Wardak and settle the Logar valley, returning to Kabul by way of Baruki Rajan, Zshidabad and Charasiab. The force at the last place will be withdrawn when General Ross reaches Logar.

COLONEL JOHNSON.

Colonel C. C. Johnson is to receive local rank of Major General while officiating as Quarter-Master-General in India.

THE PERAK MEDAL.

Last Saturday's *Gazette of India* announces the issue of the India Medal of 1854, with clasp inscribed "Perak," to all troops engaged in the Perak expedition.

ACCIDENT TO A TROOP TRAIN.

KURRACHEE, APRIL 25.

A rather serious fire occurred to the troop train which conveyed the 2nd Bombay Cavalry from Kurrachee to Jacobabad on the morning of the 22nd, half way between Ruk and Shikarpur. The contents of the front brake, along with the van itself, were entirely destroyed. Mr. David Ross, Traffic Manager, Sind, Punjab, and Delhi Railway, and Deputy Agent, Mr. Campbell, were travelling to Sibi by the same train. Mr. Ross first discovered fire and at considerable personal risk proceeded along the sides of the carriages and over various water tanks, and succeeded in communicating with the driver and bringing the train to a stand, otherwise the conflagration might have extended to the other carriages.

REPORTED ATTEMPT ON SIR ROBERT SANDEMAN.

It is rumoured that Sir Robert Sandeman has been fired at twice; one bullet passed through his helmet, but fortunately without causing injury.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

MR. GLADSTONE, PREMIER AND CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER.

LONDON, APRIL 24.

Mr. Gladstone was summoned yesterday to Windsor, when he accepted the task of forming a new Ministry. In addition to the Premiership he will also be Chancellor of the Exchequer.

EARL GRANVILLE.

Earl Granville is appointed Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

MR. GOSCHEN.

The *Times*, in a leading article, announces that the Viceroyalty of India was offered to Mr. Goschen, but he declined the offer.

GENERAL WOLSELEY.

General Sir Garnet Wolseley returns to England from the Cape on the 25th May.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, APRIL 23.

The Anchor Line steamer Britannia arrived here from Bombay this morning.

LISBON, APRIL 23.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Canara, outward bound for the Persian Gulf and Kurrachee, left here on the afternoon of the 22nd inst.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Almora, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here on the afternoon of the 22nd inst.

ADEN, APRIL 23.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Eldorado, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this evening.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LONDON, APRIL 23.

Total Week's sales of Cotton	39,000	Bales.
Amount forwarded	17,000	do.
Do. Week's sales of Surats.....	3,000	do.
Amount forwarded	1,000	do.
Do. Week's Imports of Cotton	98,000	do.
Do. do. do. Surats	11,000	do.
Do. Stock of Cotton	702,000	do.
Do. do. Surats	43,000	do.
Do. do. Cotton in London.....	39,000	do.

LONDON, APRIL 23.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed dull. Surats dull.

The London Cotton market has been flat.

Fair Dhollera.....	5 7-16
The Manchester market has been dull.	
7lbs. Shirtings.....	6-3
8½lbs. do	7-6
40's Mule Twist	1
4 per cent. Rupee Paper.....	78¾
4½ per cent. do.	84¾
3 per cent. Consols for account.....	99⅝
5 per cent. French Rente, 1872.....	119
Bar Silver	51¼
Arrival—Khedive.	
Departures—Kingston and Loraine.	

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

Madras-Penang cable interrupted; but Rangoon-Penang cable open for Traffic.

THE latest account of the state of Bishop Fennelly's health is alarming.

OFFICERS serving in Bombay should apply to the Deputy Assistant Adjutant General for the forms mentioned in G. O. C. No. 190 of 1880.

THIS is how a respectable Madras contemporary treats Sir John Strachey:—"He has been at it again. He has again been telling too flattering tales about the finances, and much annoyance is felt in official circles at his having seriously over-estimated the revenue. When is India to be rid of this unveracious old gentleman? Lord Beaconsfield should promote him to be a Baron or a Beadle."

DR. GATLING, the inventor of the gun which bears his name, has submitted to the naval and military authorities an improvement of it, by which nearly a thousand bullets can be fired in a minute. What are guns coming to?

THE *Bombay Review*:—We are glad to learn that Mr. Furdoonjee Jamshedjee, Superintendent of Revenue Surveys in H. H. the Nizam's northern districts, has been elected an honorary member of the Cobden Club. This is, we believe, chiefly in virtue of his "Notes on the Agriculture of Aurungabad," the review of which in our columns will be remembered by many of our readers. This incident should act as an encouragement to Indian students of social status to reduce their knowledge on that branch of study to definite shape. Hundreds of them who possess invaluable items of information of this kind seldom think of utilising their facts.

THE amount realised by the Ceylon Government from the pearl fishery from the 9 h March to the 2nd April was Rs. 106,498. The price of oysters on the latter day had risen to Rs. 10 per thousand.

A LECTURE in connection with the Andrew's Library in Surat was delivered on Saturday, the 17th instant, in the hall of the Surat High School by Mr. V. N. Pattak, M.A., acting Headmaster. Mr. Birdwood, the Judge of Surat, presided. Mr. Pathak, after enlarging on the advantages of scientific education, and pointing out that it was to science that Western nations owed their great superiority and power, proceeded to show some of the properties of matter by a series of highly interesting experiments. The experiments were all successful, and created a very good impression upon the audience. At different places in the hall were arranged a monster telescope, a good microscope, a splendid orrery, an electric machine, and a galvanic battery; and the assembly diverted themselves with these before and after the lecture. The day's proceedings ended with a vote of thanks to the chairman, and another to the learned lecturer.

THE *Civil and Military Gazette* gives an instance of the prodigality with which Government money or its equivalents are wasted. When now some little time ago, a detachment of the 20th N. I. took over charge of Mundoria, tins of preserved meat, &c., for the troops and seven casks of rum were found lying in the transports serai, where they had been chucked down when transport failed owing to beasts dying, &c. Two of the casks had been broached and were nearly empty, while the tinned meat was scattered about. It is needless to add that no one knew anything about it. Oddly enough no one ever does.

FURTHER particulars have been received by the *Pioneer* about the attack on the Dubrai post. On the 18th instant, Brigadier-General Brooke, Commanding the Infantry Brigade of the Kandahar Field Force, went to Dubrai, and found eleven dead bodies of Pathans and one wounded man outside the entrenchment. This man said he was a Ghazi from Khelat-i-Ghilzai. Major Waudby's body was recognized among the dead, though horribly mutilated; and was buried. The attack is supposed to have been made by 300 Ghazis, who, after gaining their object, must have made off to the hills north-east of Dubrai. No damage had been done except at and near Dubrai. Native infantry detachments were to be placed at Gatai, Dubrai and Mel Karez. General Brooke found a convoy of valuable stores deserted by the Brahui carriers in the hills near Dubrai.

THE Lahore paper has the following:—The other day a Calcutta Baboo reached the topmost height of human impudence when he proposed to stand for an English borough. The Baboo was introduced to the natives of the island by a "Mr. Chessen"—who signs himself of the "Aborigines Protection Society." The protective Chessen wrote to the papers to express his regret that the aboriginal Bose, or Ghose—or whatever his name— could hardly leave Bombay in time to deliver an electioneering speech. Chessen has no doubt found his natural level in fraternizing with Bose; and if it ended there, the ludicrous *fiasco* would be unworthy of notice. But even intelligent natives of India, who pay some attention to politics, will regard the Protector of the aborigines as one of the great men of the land—as great, perhaps, as the Lord Mayor, with whom Sir Frederick Roberts once dined. There will be a rush of wild Baboos on the aboriginal Chessen, and the sympathetic Mr. Fawcett will be overwhelmed with Indian petitions, memoranda, remonstrances, schemes of representation in India, representation in England, and what not, all endorse by that exalted authority. It is Mr. Fawcett's partiality for the Indian croaker, his bias towards the pessimistic view of the English administration of this country—which renders his anticipated appointment to the Under Secretaryship a matter of regret to almost every one qualified to hold an opinion on the subject. Ordinarily, the chatter about the Baboo representation of India is about as amusing as it is intellectually despicable; but with a clever *gobemouche* in power it may become mischievous.

THE *Statesman* points out the desirability of accelerating the transport of the English mail from Bombay to Calcutta. The objection generally made is the impossibility of travelling much faster than the present mail train does. As at present arranged the mail train leaves Bombay at 6 p. m., and reaches Calcutta on the third morning thereafter at 5-25, thus taking 59½ hours including stoppages The distance being 1,409 miles shows the speed to be 23⅞ miles per hour,—a very slow rate indeed. At home goods trains travel faster than this. The English mail once a week either way ought to travel very much faster, but there is no reason why the daily mail should not also be accelerated. That a higher rate of speed is practicable, was shown by Viceroy's recent run from Calcutta to Umballa, when the distance was covered at the rate of 40 miles an hour. This rate would suffice to bring the mails here in 35½ hours from Bombay at a saving of 24 hours over the present system.

MR. FAWCETT advocates a policy of vigorous retrenchment in Indian finance, and urges that it should be carried out with the most resolute determination. The Government which is prepared to do this is certain to have to bear a heavy load of unpopularity, and to have to incur certain unpopularity is most unwelcome to any Government. Mr. Fawcet's proposal that the Act of 1858, by which the transfer of the Government of India from the Company to the Crown was effected, should be submitted to a careful Parliamentary inquiry, has much to recommend it. If the result of this inquiry were, as is likely it would be, to advise a strict economy in the administration of India, the fact that this was recommended by the advice of Parliament would go some way to shield the Government which carried these recommendations into effect from animadversion. India seems at first sight a wealthy country, but it contains multitudes who are most wretchedly poor. The gorgeousness of Eastern courts strikes the imagination, while the misery of the tillers of the soil is forgotten. That India has made an enormous advance in material prosperity since the government of the country fell into our hands seems to be certain. But strict economy is none the less needed in the administration. Mr. Fawcett, in a lately published work on Indian finance, advances and arguments in favour of a greater employment of natives in high positions has added to the services which he has previously performed in pleading the cause of India before the English public.

THE *Pioneer* says:—It would appear that there has been a little wire-pulling in the bestowal of the command of the centre district in the Madras Presidency, which, when it becomes generally known, will no doubt be criticized somewhat acutely. The district in question is one of those reserved for an officer of the British service, the last incumbent having been Major-General Raikes, C. B., late 44th Foot, who vacated on the 31st December last. On his departure, Colonel Leslie, Royal Artillery, the senior Colonel of the British Service in the Presidency, was, in accordance with usual custom, gazetted to officiate, pending the selection of a Brigadier, it being understood that Sir Neville Chamberlain had recommended the appointment of an officer of the Indian army in consideration of the losses sustained by that service in the abolition of the northern and southern districts. No one doubted, however, that if it were decided to retain the command for a representative of the British service, Colonel Leslie would be the man, for independently of his being a Colonel of July 1872, it was an Ordnance Officer's turn, under a ruling which some time back determined that every fourth brigade should fall to an officer of that branch of the service. The same mysterious influence, in short, which contrived to pitchfork him into the Madras Adjutant-Generalship when only a Lieutenant-Colonel, seems to have been at work again; for if the command had been given, according to precedent and established rule, upon no ground whatever could Colonel Leslie's claim have been passed over.

A RECENT telegram from Philadelphia states that the Pekin Government had ordered 20,000,000 cartridges in the United States.

THE Russian Minister of War has ordered that, for the future, all the troops of the Russian army shall be supplied with Smith and Weston's revolvers, No. 3.

THE news from China continues of a warlike character as regards relations with Russia. The Bogue Forts near Canton are being armed with 10 and 15 ton guns, and the Chinese fleet are being concentrated at Tientsin. The difference with Japan appears to have been made up for the time being.

BARON RAYLEIGH, who has just been elected Professor of Experimental Physics at Cambridge, England, is the first peer who has been a Professor in the University. Lord Rayleigh is a man of vigorous intellect, and is the author of the most elaborate treatise on sound in the English language.

WHAT ladies call a "very pretty wedding" took place in the Protestant Cathedral at Shanghai last month, when a Chinese lady was married to Captain Anderson, commander of a Chinese gun-boat. The bride, we are informed, was "elegantly attired in the fashion of Western ladies; and the bridesmaids and attendants were dressed, some in foreign and the others in Chinese style."

AN invention has recently been tested at the dockyard at Devonport, the object of which is to enable a man to enter a burning vessel or building and to remain in the densest smoke. The apparatus is in form somewhat like a diver's helmet, air being supplied to the wearer by means of a bellows and gutta-percha tube. A man was enabled to remain fifteen minutes in a large store filled with dense smoke without apparently suffering any inconvenience.

THE eldest son of the Earl of Darnley, Viscount Clifton, is able to command very vigorous language. He thus politely addresses the editor of the *Globe*:—

"SIR,—Any fool can make a joke out of a case if he is allowed to alter the facts at his pleasure by one or two good fat lies. Being the son of a Conservative, being now aged 39, and having very nearly on several occasions stood as a Conservative at Rochester, your statement, on which your whole paragraph hangs, that I left a party I had never belonged to is a fat lie; but I am not surprised at anything from a scurrilous Jingo press.
—Yours, &c.,
Cobham Hall, Gravesend, April 1." CLIFTON,

Now-a-days people seem to talk and write more freely about lies and liars than they did in duelling times.

CAPTAIN CREAGH, in his lately published work upon "Armenians, Koords and Turks," gives a very graphic description of Armenian homes. As the gallant Captain stayed long enough in Armenia to gain the confidence of many of its inhabitants, his statements are worthy of respect, but at the same time we can hardly believe even on such good authority as his, that in Armenian homes "the crawling of insects, from the crown of the head to the soles of the feet, is so lethargic, and, like the action of shampooing, so soothing to the limbs of the weary traveller, that the instant the fleas have covered his body in as great a multitude as the nuts on an oak-heap, he, with a smile of peace and satisfaction on his face, drops gently into profound and refreshing slumbers. An English consul, after a long residence in Armenia, having retired to his native country on a pension, had become so accustomed to the fleas that he was unable to sleep without them; and his housemaid always carried a snuff-box full ups'airs and put them into his bed with the warming-pan."

THE SITUATION IN BURMA.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, APRIL 9.

NEXT to the general election Rangoon is at present most excited about the state of Theebau. It is taken for granted that if the Liberals are sufficiently strong to resist the efforts of the Home Rulers and Radicals to capsize them, that the King of Burma will be able to conclude pretty well whatever terms he pleases in a new treaty, and will, if he deigns to accept a new Resident at all, force that gentleman to appear before him, not only minus shoes and stockings, but will make him grovel on his stomach, and approach and retire from the Royal presence in the form of a hollow square. The hollow square will be accomplished by the individual in question bending sharply forward till his body assumes the appearance of the letter U. This being done, he will advance or retire on all fours. Seriously the Burmese Government take an intense interest in the elections, and have the various details duly wired up to them. But it is the state of Theebau himself which is the most important matter. There is no doubt now that His Majesty has got small-pox, but whether his life is in danger or not is the question. Two days ago several Chinese pious announced that Golden Foot was dead, and that their agents, anticipating civil war, had sent to say that it would be well to cease dispatching goods to Mandalay until the succession is settled. It turns out that the news is at any rate premature; but if Theebau has anything but a most exceedingly mild attack he has but a poor chance of pulling through. The wire has been interrupted for the last twenty-four hours, which may be taken at any rate to be a confirmation of the report that his Majesty is very seriously ill. It has a knack of failing whenever there is bad—or, we should be inclined to call it good—news to be communicated. The latest news we have from the capital announces that the utmost consternation prevailed throughout the royal city when it became known that Theebau was really ill. With his magic mirror, his fairy spear, his invisible slippers, and what not, it was considered that he was safe from the "ninety-six diseases" of the Burmese medical faculty. According to the reports of the latest arrivals from Mandalay, the *pounahs*, or royal astrologers—Brahmins—declared that the evil nats were infuriated at something, and that nothing less than human sacrifices would appease them. The Hlot-dau, or Supreme Council, at once issued orders, and sacrifices were going on nightly when we got our latest news. The condemned criminals seem to have been bewitched very soon, for latterly the executioners had actually been pouncing upon luckless wretches in the streets, usually, of course, selecting young girls. But of course the opportunity was too good a one for settling old grudges to be lost, and numbers of men have fallen victims to personal strife, among them several monks. Orders were issued that any one alluding in the slightest way to these barbarities was to be immediately put to death. This consequence of this almost incredible state of things is that after dusk the great city is like a desert; not a man in the street, except where one of the King's ruffians skulks along in search of a victim; not a light to be seen save the ghastly, glimmer of the Jablochukoff light in the centre of the palace, shining with a cold stony glitter, emblematical of the inhuman brute to whom it belongs, the whole a shadowing forth of his vile life. His death may well be prayed for, for these murders were to go on till the "water-feast," the Burmese new year, now only three days off certainly; still in that time many might be offered up in the bloody oblation. What is to be our attitude in view of such revolting atrocities? Should Theebau recover, are we to bear ourselves towards one who has shown such utter contempt for the remonstrances we offered against the massacre of his relations that he now murders scores of his innocent subjects, seized at random in the streets of his capital? It will be to our lasting reproach if we allow such horrors to pass unnoticed. Theebau has an embassy in our territories, claiming to have full powers to conclude a treaty with us. If Theebau is dead the difficulty is solved, and the best thing we can do is to bring down the Nyoung Yan Prince from Calcutta and start him with the weight of our support as the successor to the throne. If Theebau is not dead, the least we can do is to peremptorily order his representatives to leave Thayetmyo, and return to tell their master that England will make no terms with a brutal savage. In the early part of the week Mr. Aitchison had written to the Naingangya Woondouk, the head of the mission, that the Burmese emissaries had already been many months in our territory, that during all that time they had failed to suggest anything which could with reason be entertained by us in a new treaty, though our wishes had been communicated to them in a letter from the Viceroy; finally, that they had not even been able to prove to us that they really had any powers whatever to conclude a treaty. This closing as Mr. Aitchison felt constrained to suggest that it was most desirable that the Woondouk should, at his earliest possible convenience, return to Upper Burma, as nothing of any advantage was likely to accrue to any one from his further stay at Thayetmyo. This message "Pio Nono" has apparently resolved to treat in the usual Burmese way of receiving unpleasant information when it is not convenient to blaster; he seemingly has determined to take no notice of it whatever. At any rate he has sent no answer, and makes no signs of any intention of leaving. It will be most weak and disgraceful, therefore, if we let slip this opportunity of peremptorily ordering him to go.

THE LATE DR. DOOLITTLE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—A week ago we buried our friend Doolittle, in the beautiful cemetery at Sewree.

"Pleasant it was, when woods were green,
And winds were soft and low,
To lie amid some sylvan scene,
Where the long drooping boughs between,
Shadows dark and sunlight sheen
Alternate come and go;"

corresponds with the surroundings of our friend in death, so loved by the poet in life, which is pleasant to think of. Probably there is but one man in Bombay who knew more of Dr. Doolittle than myself, and I do not think there is any one who knew so much of our deceased friend as I did from his first coming among us. For the friend I speak of did not come from Australia until some time after Dr. Doolittle's advent.

The first time I met the Doctor was by the bedside of a friend who was ill. I was struck by the care the Doctor paid to his patient. Afterwards, whenever Dr. Doolittle was in attendance upon friends of mine who were ill, I always observed how very attentive the Doctor was—doing with his own hands what would often be left for servants to do. In a sick room the Doctor's manner was most reassuring to his patient, and as the patient progressed towards convalescence, his physician's companionship did more good than medicine or at least was a great help. His patients were ever after his friends. To a man like Dr. Doolittle, who loved his kind, what a glorious reward he reaped in undying friendships innumerable.

To the poor, our friend the Doctor was a friend indeed. I could cite cases where Dr. Doolittle attended the poor and closed their dying eyes, aye even paid for all the medicine ordered and contributed towards or paid the whole of a decent burial, without apparently a thought that he was doing anything but a simple duty. His time, his professional ability and his purse, were ever at the service of the poor. Dr. Doolittle was fond of life and enjoyed life in a rational manner. Everyone acquainted with the Doctor knew what a moderate liver he was. His brain was never muddled by excess in wine, who, as she suffered, or drink. At any moment, day or night, he was at his best, if called upon suddenly in a professional way.

It seems hard that one so fitted to live should be taken away, and if we had not faith in God's justice, we could not feel reconciled to lose our friend. As it is, it will always be pleasant to recall to mind the real sterling worth of Dr. Doolittle and his pleasant companionship. He was fond of reading and had a taste for art as well as music. His love for animals was wondrous. His care for horses was such as is not often given that noble animal.

Latterly, he had a most devoted servant, a free American coloured man, who I believe had charge of his stable. At the bungalow, on the day of the funeral, it was inexpressibly sad to see the Doctor's dogs left without any master. But I have no doubt that ere this, they all have homes among the late Doctor's friends. Dr. Doolittle scarcely ever gave himself any vacation. From year's end to year's end he worked like a noble, though most wearing, profession, yet he seemed always in perfect health and the best of spirits.

Probably his giving so much thought to others, and so little to himself, was one means of preserving his health. A few years ago he went home to the States to see his mother and father and his family. He wrote me a long letter from Paris, and he had made much of his continental tour, seeing a very great deal in a very short time, for he was hurrying home to see his family. When he came out the very first thing he said to me was, "wasn't my old mother glad to see me?" Ah! he had a good heart. God knows none of us are perfect; all of us are full of faults. But lack of feeling could never be laid to Dr. Doolittle's door. The Friday before he died I was told he could not live; that the physicians had given him up. All that day I could see nothing in my mind's eye but he lying there dying. I pictured him lying there calm and patient waiting for death. I knew that he would be patient, for patience was ingrained in his nature. No man ever took leave of his undying friendships innumerable. saying that "all things come to those who wait" more than Dr. Doolittle. He came here from Australia not knowing a soul in Bombay, nor had he any letters of introduction. But he soon made friends, though he had a hard time of it, ere his practice became even moderately good. I was conversant with all his struggles. But even then he was ever cheery and would laugh at difficulties which would have crushed most men. He had confidence in himself, which, coupled with an indomitable will and professional ability far beyond the average, gave him a right to look forward to "the good time coming" which, thank God, he lived to realize. Our friend (who died just) lieth in our hearts. And, as long as any of us live, his memory will be green.

"There is no death! what seems so is transition.
This life of mortal breath is but a suburb of the life elysian,
Whose portal we call death."

A beautiful tree overshadows the late Dr. Doolittle's grave.

Sunday, April 25. F.

PULMONARY consumption consecutive to an inflammation of the chest had reduced me to such a state that medicines were ordered to me by physicians rather to give me security than with the hope of a prolongation of life. Happily one of them advised me to use *Grimault's Syrup of Hypophosphite of Lime*. For two months past I have been taking that medicine, and my situation has been so remarkably improved, that I may henceforth consider my recovery as certain. Mr. Doolittle (Bristol).

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Band, Volunteer Rifles, Apollo Bunder, this evening.
Wilson's Circus, 9 p. m.
Gaiety Theatre, "Les Cloches de Corneville," 9 p. m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 23rd:—Pachamba (s), from Bussorah; Cameloo, Kurrachee. On the 24th—Seaforth, from Alleppo. On the 24th—Macedonia (s), Kurrachee; Pearl (s), Mandvee. Yesterday—Gwalior (s), from Shanghai; Bangalore (s), Sydney; Akola (s) Zanzibar; City of Canton, North South Wales; Olthona, Cardiff.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed on the 24th:—Speke Hall (s), to Liverpool; Umballa, (s), I. G. S. Tenasserim and I. G. S. Czarwitch, Kurrachee; Salacia, Calcutta; Granville, Bremerhaven; H. M. S. Wild Swan, Zanzibar; Rebecca (s), Havre; Surat (s), Venice; Lord Derby (s), Trieste.

ESCAPING FROM LEGAL CUSTODY.—Nuthoo Bachur was on Saturday last convicted by Mr. P. Ryan at the Girgaum Police Court of attempting to escape from legal custody, and was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—The following is a summary of cases prosecuted by the agents of the S. P. C. A. during the week ending the 24th inst:—Horses, 3 lame; bullocks, 10 lame, 25 sore necks, 2 emaciated, 1 sore on jaw, and 1 broken horn. Total number of cases 42; amount of fines Rs. 166.

AN OLD OFFENDER.—Cassinath Pandoorung, a noted character, was yesterday sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment by Mr. W. Webb for having in his possession a blanket reasonably suspected of being stolen or fraudulently obtained, and failing to account for his possession of the same.

THE PARSEE CHIEF MATRIMONIAL COURT.—In the room of Mr. Nusserwanjee Maneckjee Petit, who has resigned, Mr. Jehangier Cowasjee Jehangier Readymoney has been nominated a delegate of this Court. His name was submitted to Government by the Parsee Justices of the Peace, and it has received their approval. The nomination will be notified in the next official *Gazette*.

MUSIC AT THE APOLLO BUNDER.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles at the Apollo Bunder this evening:—

March	Turner ..... Ham.
Overture	Rubezahl ..... Flotow.
Potpourri	Prince Methusalem ..... Strauss.
Waltz	Mein Schonster Tag in Berlin ..... Gung'l.
Quadrille	The Times ..... Coote.
Gallop	Feldjager ..... Peplow.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

PASSENGERS BY THE P. AND O. STEAMERS.—The steamship Sangalore, Commander H. Wyatt, arrived in harbour with the following passengers:—From Melbourne, Master Mell; from Gleneig, Mr. G. Palmer and Mr. J. M. Murphy; from Galle, Mr. Payne and five natives. The steamship Gwalior, Commander J. C. Babot, brought the following passengers:—From Hongkong, for Venice, Mr. and Mrs. Dewal; from Calcutta, for Bombay, Mr J. MacMorran and Mr. Thomas Forrest; from Singapore, four natives and three children.

SUDDEN DEATHS.—A Coroner's inquest was held on Saturday last at the Goculdass Tejpal Hospital on view of the body of Fatma, a Mahomedan woman, whose death was somewhat sudden. The verdict was, "That the death of the deceased was caused by apoplexy."—Another inquest was held by the Coroner on the same day at Boree Bunder on view of the body of Rama Kundoo, a day labourer employed on board the British ship Twilight, who died suddenly while at work on board that vessel. The verdict was, "That the death of the deceased was caused by heart disease."

THEFTS.—Shaik Boodeen Shaik Chand and Fakeera Cassum were on Saturday last convicted by Mr. P. Ryan of stealing an article of wearing apparel, value Rs. 22, belonging to Ramjan-Ally Allykhan. They were each sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.—Balloo Baboo was on Saturday last sentenced by Mr. W. Webb at the Fort Police Court to two months' rigorous imprisonment for stealing a cotton sheet and a *dhotur*, value Rs. 3-8, the property of Lalchand Gabulchand.—Gugla Keshew, a barber, was also sentenced on the same day by the same magistrate to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment for stealing a gold necklet, value Rs. 7, belonging to Manbai, womau.

FIRES.—An alarm of fire was raised at about 7 o'clock on Friday evening last on the 2nd floor of a house situated in Mango Senoy Lane, Fort. The neighbours rendered prompt assistance and extinguished the flames before any serious damage was done. It appears that a *sarree* hanging near a fire place accidentally caught fire and spread to other articles in the room, amongst which was a pot of ghee. The Fort fire engine repaired at once to the scene, but it was not used. The damage is estimated at Rs. 20.—A bale of cotton lying amongst the heaps of cotton bales on the Apollo Reclamation was discovered on Friday afternoon last to be on fire. On the alarm being raised, the fire was speedily extinguished by the work people before it had time to spread. The damages are light. The origin of the fire is not known.

THE OPERA BOUFFE.

NOTHING has been seen in Bombay to equal the capital production of Les Cloches de Corneville for a long time. Miss Stanley's Company have created a great impression, and the positively charming way in which the parts of the two heroines, Germaine and Serpolette, were represented respectively by Miss Clara Stanley and Miss Hector, rendered them at once favourites. Both ladies sing well, and were thoroughly appreciated as was evidenced by an enthusiastic audience. Their high musical attainments can hardly be over-estimated, nor should the others be forgotten. Gaspard was telling and so was the Old Baillie, while Mr. Rollings made much of a small part, and was welcomed as an old Bombay favourite. We give the plot, and recommend an early visit, the result of which will not be disappointing.

The Comte de Lucenay, attainted for political reasons, flees from France, leaving his infant daughter Lucienne, and considerable personal property, in the care of a retainer, Gaspard. The man forseeing that the Comte may never return to claim his own, (which indeed happens) brings up the child as his niece under the name of Germaine and gratifies his insatiable greed for money by hoarding the Comte's treasure. He has chosen for his coffers the decaying rooms of the old Chateau of Corneville, long since deserted by its lord, attainted of treason like de Lucenay and an exile from France. The grandson of this Marquis de Corneville is, however, alive, and the hatchet on the estates having been revoked by the king, the village group believe that one day the long expected heir will return. The castle has evil notoriety—it is haunted. Masked spectres stride along its corridors, and ghastly phantoms flit across its lighted windows at nights, but in truth these are mere devices of cunning Gaspard to frighten away all intending tenants of the old chateau. At the opening of the op ra a knot of girls are on their way to the *hiring fair*. Among these is Serpolette, a waif picked up by Gaspard on a bark of wild thyme in one of his fields, and grown now into his servant of all work. She has thrown up his protection, however, and seeks a better place. Germaine eventually joins the band—also flying from Gaspard's house—but from very different motives The old miser has promised her hand to the village Baillie, pompous meddling old fellow, lately come to his kingdom with a strong desire to open the chateau and audit the barony accounts. Now, Germaine has betrothed herself to a ne'er do-well of the locality, a young fisherman named Grenicheux, who, as she suffered, has run from home. But in fact her deliverer is really the long lost heir, Henri de Corneville, now captain of an armed ship, with a roving commission, who a year before put ashore at Honfleur to revisit the house of his father. At the opening of the drama he again returns and this time wishes to take possession of his ancestral estate. The homely pair were here engaging servants, amongst others Germaine, Sorplette and Grenicheux from (Mr. Coachman) concludes the first part of the story. The scene changes to the haunted halls of the chateau. The young lord with his officers and crew, torch and sword in hand, break into the deserted rooms and lay their plans to surprise the adventurers whom they suppose to be really the ghost of this village tradition. Firstly, he finds the Germaine he rescued from sea is the Germaine who captivated him and who believes herself in honor bound to Grenicheux. Two discoveries bearing directly on the fortunes of the two heroines are made by the marquis Secondly, he discovers certain documents (left by old Gaspard) referring to the flight of Comte de Lucenay and the placing of his infant daugther with the miser. The veracious Serpolette immediately rushes to the conclusion that she is the noble child in question and thenceforth gives herself al the imaginary airs of her rank. The arrival of some one is announced by the scouts. Grenicheux is put from a exit of mail to watch the intruder unseen—and the marquis and his crew retire to the armoury. The old miser appears, works his phantoms, lights the candelabra, wallows in gold, and then comes a swift and awful vengeance. The rusty bell tolls, a ghastly chaunt is heard, and then a legion of mailed spectres, all the dead and buried Lords of Corneville, appear and advance on the appalled miser, who sinks wondering and terror-stricken on his gold. This startling tableaux concludes the second part of the story.

The last act is devoted to the unravalling of the mystery attached to Germaine. This is done by patching together the hints dropped in his ravings by old Gaspard, who confirmed them on his return to sanity, and owns that Germaine is not his niece but Mdlle. de Lucenay. She learns at the same moment that she is free to give her hand where she loves, for that to Henri de Corneville, and not Grenicheux, she owed her life.

Across the interest of the denouement comes the lighter texture of Serpolette's fortune. No sooner does she assume the silks and satins of rank than she is undeceived as to her real position and has again to look forward to sabots and cotton. Over the betrothal of the Marquis and Germaine come the tunes gladly, the chimes of the clocks of Corneville?

We extract from the *Tribune Medicale de Paris* the following observation:—"Our fellow-citizen, Dr. Dusart, was called in haste to Mr. Leger, who is labouring under a dreadful attack of asthma, having resisted all treatments thus far resorted to. Dr. Dusart thinks to prescribe Grimault & Co.'s Indian Cigarettes; no sooner had the patient inhaled the smoke of the same than suffocation disappeared. Mr. L. does no longer fear the return of such a attack, knowing how he can be relieved of it from its first symptoms."

WILSONS' CIRCUS.

THE programme to be performed at the circus tonight is well worthy the attention of our readers. To the usual attractions which Mr. Wilson's exhibition has lately been holding out, there will be added a novel entertainment in the form of a

of guarding the Straits. Constantinople must pass into the hands of some ruler who can do both. The so-called Eastern question will never cease to torment us till that comes about.

How, then, is this to be accomplished? Some say that Austria must go to Constantinople. Of course, that only means that the Hapsburgs must go to Constantinople; it does not, and cannot, mean that the Austro-Hungarian Empire as now constituted is to annex all the Balkan Peninsulla. Well, but one objection to that proposal seems quite decisive. It could only be accomplished after a war, to which the recent contest between Russia and Turkey was mere child's play, a war in which Russia and Austria, Moscow and Rome, and Greek and the Latin Church would struggle with all the fury of religious and political hatred. There are only two courses possible. The first is that Constantinople should be made a free city, with a certain territory on either side of the Straits, guaranteed by all Europe, and the second is, that it should become the seat of the western prince, whoever he may be, who may best unite the interests of all Europe, including England and Russia.

There are, I am quite aware, objections to both of these proposals, especially to the first, and neither of them could be carried into effect to-day or to-morrow. But the two cardinal ideas which I wish to impress are, first the British interests in the East do not require us any longer to respect the fiction that the Turkish domination can long continue in Europe, and secondly, that no settlement in European Turkey can be satisfactory which is not *just*, which does fairly recognise the political and religious rights of each of the different races which inhabit European Turkey, and the rights of all the Powers of Europe with reference to the guardianship of the Straits. Whatever is done should be done by the general concert of Europe. We must avoid all purely artificial and selfish combinations, all putting forward Greece unduly as if she were the English candidate for empire against Bulgaria, the Russian candidate—all intriguing with Russia against Austria, all intriguing with Austria against Russia. In this, as in other cases, honesty will be the best policy. Let us in concert with Europe make up our minds what settlement in the Eastern Peninsula is best for Europe in general and for the inhabitants of the Balkan Peninsula in particular: we may be perfectly certain that what is best for all will be best for us. Nothing could be done prejudicial to our interests on the Bosphorus or on the Ægean which would not be a great deal more prejudicial to the interests of other very powerful states.

I pass now to the Sultan's dominions in Asia. What, then, are British interests there? And again I answer, the prosperity of the people. It is to our interest that the people may be peaceful, that they may work for us and rich, that they may buy from us. We have only to open such a book as Mr. Grattan Geary's very interesting travels in Asiatic Turkey, to see that there is a vast field there for the profitable development of commercial relations. But we shall see also another thing which Ministers have unhappily overlooked, and that is, that we know exceedingly little about these countries, and that while it is wise to do everything we can to foster all legitimate enterprises, such as the navigation of the Tigris, we must think once, and twice, and thrice, before we engage in vast schemes to be paid for by the blood and the money of England.

When a friend of the Government tells me that it has done a great thing for the population of the Sultan's Asiatic dominions, by guaranteeing those dominions against Russia, I can merely say, 'If you can make such an assertion of your own knowledge, you must be an uncommonly well-informed and far-travelled person whose brains I should extremely like to pick; but if you merely say so because some member of the Cabinet told you so I will venture to remind you of the old saying. If the blind lead the blind shall not both fall into the ditch?'

But whatever may be the amount of benefit which the population of the Sultan's Asiatic dominions may derive from our guarantee, I am very certain that for England it is a most disastrous obligation, if indeed it is not a mere impudent imposture intended to mask the Salisbury-Schuvaloff agreement. Possibly if Mr. Marvin had never given that document to the world, we should never have heard of that grant stroke of policy, the Anglo-Turkish Convention. But if we are so treat it seriously and Ministers have not been hoodwinked the Turks and Parliament, and mankind at large, it is one of the maddest things that ever was done. Granted even that it were a benefit to the Sultan's Asiatic dominions, a most doubtful proposition, it is a heavy burden laid upon a people already sorely burdened. Either it will remain a mere engagement on paper or it will involve our fighting Russia where we are weak and she is strong; it will involve the expenditure of vast sums of money in railways and other works to be guaranteed by the British taxpayer. It will, by damming up the Russian advance on the side of Armenia, increase her pressure upon Persia and along the Oxus, and it will divert money belonging to our fellow-subjects in India from its legitimate use, the development of India's wild schemes, such as the sending of sixty thousand men from India via Bagdad to fight to keep up the horrible Turkish domination in Armenia, a country in which at any moment we may have an exact repetition of the Bulgarian atrocities.

An attempt has been made to represent a project of this kind, which was elaborated by a high officer in the service of the Indian Government as having been merely the project of an individual, but that is not so. The project was sent to the Press in Calcutta with the view of preparing opinion for such an act of unwisdom, and for such acts of unwisdom we must always be prepared as long as we have the advantage of the light and leading of our present Prime Minister. Some may remember, perhaps, the words of *Tancred*, the novel from which he drawn nearly all his foreign and Indian policy: 'Then, again, the lesser Asia; you should never lose sight of the lesser Asia, as the principal scene of our movements; the richest regions in the world, almost depopulated, and a position from which we might magnetize Europe.'

Next I come to Egypt. What are our interests in Egypt? First the absolute freedom of the Isthmus transit, and secondly the good government of the valley of the Nile. Amongst the many blunders of the present Cabinet, its conduct with regard to Egypt has not been the least. The purchase of the Suez Canal shares, injudicious in itself for many reasons, was managed in a way which was perfectly scandalous. A large sum of money having been unnecessarily taken out of the pocket of the British taxpayer, and put into the pocket of a fortunate capitalist. Then, with a view to reconcile France to our filching of Cyprus, her influence was allowed to become co-equal with our own at Cairo, and lastly the attention of a large portion of our countrymen was called off from the supreme importance of Egypt, by the will-o'-the-whisp of the Euphrates Valley railway. Now should be very glad to see a Euphrates Vally railway, provided I was not obliged to pay for it; but I am thoroughly convinced that I and my brother taxpayers will have to pay for it if it is to be speedily made, and half the support which 'Cyprus the absurd' has obtained has come from people who saw in it the promise of a railway beginning at some point opposite to Cyprus, and running to the Persian Gulf. My advice is, let us keep our eyes fixed upon Egypt, improving in every possible way our influence in and our means of transit to that country. That is the true policy for a great naval power, which can be strong at any moment, at one in the Levant and in the Red Sea. Let us attend to that, and do all we can without undue interference, to obtain good government for the Egyptian peasantry. Their lot, I should say, from personal observation, is not so bad as has been sometimes represented, but it may unquestionably be vastly improved—much to their advantage and to the general advantage of the world.

I pass now to Russia. Well, our interest in Russia is very much the same as Russia's interest here. Our interest in Russia is that the Muscovite Jingoes should learn a little more geography and come to know a little more what is possible and impossible. I believe that the antagonism between the two countries depends very largely upon ignorance. If each would only go its own way, do what it thinks best for itself without troubling itself very much as to what the other was doing, I think our interests would be about as likely to collide as those of a shark and a tiger.

Both creatures are very ugly customers in their own element. If we, whose element is the sea, will insist upon going hundreds of miles from it to fight Russia, where she is near her resources and where we are far from ours, it stands to reason that some day we shall have a disaster, and most assuredly if Russia ever tries conclusions with us on or near our own element, she will have a disaster, and a crushing one

But India, some one says,—Russia may attack us in India. Well, but India, until the Beaconsfield Government come into power, was, for all practical purposes, an island. We could reinforce her to any extent from the sea, while Russia had no power whatever of approaching her either by sea or land. No serious person, not even Sir Henry Rawlins, in dreams of Russia being able to invade India in one generation. It is the merest nightmare. If, however, instead of keeping Russia at a distance, we are foolish enough to extent ourselves over the country which lies between us, getting with every mile of our advance further and further from our true base, the sea, we are simply playing into the hands of our enemies in Russia, and weakening the influence of the reasonable party in that country, which keeps pointing out the folly of squandering the scanty recources of what is after all a very poor population, in enterprises which can by no possibility lead to good.

What we have most earnestly to desire for Russia is that enlightenment should spread through the land. In the train of enlightenment will follow Free Trade, and under a system of Free Trade the Russian Empire will become one of the very best markets for all the products of our skilled industries. Her manufactures are almost entirely an artified product, sustained at a frightful loss to the Empire by a mischievous and corrupt fiscal policy. Sooner or later she will find out this. There is no country in Europe which loss so much by not opening her frontiers, without let or hinderance, to the exports of England. There is no country in reference to our strained relations with which we may more emphatically use the words of Carlyle, "All battle is misunderstanding."

I believed that Russia has a very great destiny, though she may have some very dark days to traverse before she arrived at the goal; but I believe that her arrival at the goal of her destiny will be only postponed by those among her rolling classes who are foolish enough to reciprocate the dislike which is felt to them by portion of our own.

With the settlement of the question of Constantinople in some such way as I have suggested, there ought to be once and for ever an end to the jealousies between the two empires. To arrive at a co-operative policy in Asia should be the aim of the statesmen of the both, an aim which need not and should not exclude the most perfect diplomatic caution in all their dealings with each other. Nothing could have more successful in itself than the only effort that was ever made in that direction, that, namely, which was made from 1869 to 1873, by Mr. Gladstone's Government, but an error was undoubtedly committed in not putting what was done before this country as what it really was, a great diplomatic success. If that had been done, the White Jingoes would not have listened so easily to the evil teachings of the Black ones, during the last your years.

Mr. H. W. S., Melbourne.—My dear Friend,—You tell me that I must be very happy in getting rid of those headaches to which I was, like you, so frequently subject. Make use, as I did, of *Grimault's Guarana* and you shall wonder at its marvellous results.

John Smith (Liverpool.)

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

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PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£3,200,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000

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UNION BANK OF LONDON,
MESSRS. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
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DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and Interest allowed thereon at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.
GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.
INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other prescription of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.
All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
2, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 26th instant, sale commencing at 1 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Malabar Hill, near the Reservoir, the valuable and handsome carved and French polished Blackwood and teakwood house-hold furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glass ware, an English-built light mail phaeton, a light circular front miniature brougham, one handsome landau, a pair of fast trotting chesnut Arab horses, 2 handsome bay Arab horses, sets of brass and plated, mounted single harness, a collection of choice and rare plants, &c., the property of J. H. Grant, Esq., Municipal Commissioner, the same comprises richly engraved glassware, handsome white and blue bordered dinner, white, green, and gold painted dessert, white, pink, and gold key pattern, coffee white, blue and gold and white, and blue painted breakfast services, best electroplated cruet frames, tea and coffee services, entrée dishes, ice pitchers, round waiter, dish rings, spoons and forks, ivory handled fish knives and forks, mother-of-pearl dessert knives and forks and handsomely carved and French polished Blackwood and teakwood furniture, comprising a set of dining tables in 5 pieces for 15 persons, drawing room, pier, side, card, wash-hand, and dressing tables, conversation and reclining couches, drawing room, easy, low, folding, and mallet pattern arm and without arm chairs, side board, tete-a-tete, ottoman, tripod stands, bookstands, toilet stands, iron and wooden four posts bedsteads, campoys, clothes and gown presses, wardrobes, camphorwood chest of drawers, dressing and cheval glasses, Brussels and Cambay carpets, baby cots, Brussels and Cambay carpets, Hink's patent kerosine oil lamps, superior chromo-lithographs and engravings, flower pots and vases, table ornaments, a mahogany semigrand pianoforte, by Collard and Collard, gauze door curtains, bath, dispensy, and cookroom furniture and utensils, a collection of choice and rare plants, &c., &c.

AT 2 P. M.

1 English built light mail phaeton in excellent condition.
1 Handsome light colour front double seated brougham.
1 Handsome landau in good condition.
1 Pair fast trotting chesnut Arab horses going in double as well as in single harness and also in saddle.
Handsome bay Arab horse going in double as well as in single harness and also in saddle.
Do. Do. Do.
Set of plated and brass mounted single and double harness.
Catalogues are ready and the property is on view.

USUAL AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 26th instant, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—
10 bales grey shirtings.
10 do do. dhoties.
6 cases white dhoties.
4 bales, each 300 lbs., T Red double yarn No. 30.
1 case telegraphs.
1 „ Lubricating oil.
2 „ Tool chests.
On account and at the risk of Ardaseer Aspundarji.
B L—C—13—164 os. gold thread.

NOTICE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 26th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—
On account and at the risk of Abdool Kadur Abdulhoosen—
NIH—2506-7 1 case French polish, 1 gallon tins, ex str Eight.
2308 1 „ „ 2 „ „
1169-72 1 „ „ 4 „ „ Benlesh.
1205-21 1 „ white and brown hard spirit, ex Singapore.
On account and at the risk of Esmailjee Kurrimbhoy about
B B } 9 cases butter, ex Kaiser-i-Hind.
On account and at the risk of Abdoolhusan Mahomedally—
B B } 3 cases butter, ex Kaiser-i-Hind.
On account and at the risk of Ebhramjee Sullemanjee—
VB—125-29 1 case cornelian beads, ex str Sea.
VB—177-20 2 cases crystal do, ex str Pollux.
On account and at the risk of Dawoodjee Vullejee, Bhaoo Russool Dhuska—
G and B 1813-14 2 cases long bolt and colling's mail axles ex str Singapore.
On account and at the risk of Rungaree Joosub Sulleman—
VB 5911-15 2 cases scarlet soluble colour, ex str. Surat,

SALE OF VALUABLE JEWELLERY.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 26th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms by order of Hachoo Manchund and Curramchund Premchund, trustees of the Temple of Shree Gorichanjee, and on account and at the risk of Wallsi, widow of Manockchund Madun, and Velbai, widow of Ruttonsy Heerjee—
1 Pearl, diamond, ruby, and emerald neck ornament called kaitoo.
1 Pair pearl, diamond, ruby, and emerald bracelets called goojri.
1 Brilliant ring.
These are on view from Friday, the 23rd.

AUCTION SALE OF PATENT SAWS AND FILES.

Under instructions from Mr. Rene de St. Quentin, the receiver appointed by the High Court in suit No. 119 of 1879, the following goods will be sold by Public Auction by Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. at their rooms, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 26th inst. at 3 p. m.

	Rs. as.
10 Patent Hard Steel Saws 12 feet	
10 „ „ „ „ 10 „	
8 „ „ „ „ 8 „	
7 „ „ „ „ 6½ „	
16 „ „ „ „ 5 „	
6 Dozen 3 Corner Files 9 inches	
14 „ „ „ 8 „	
6 „ Flat „ 10 „	
6 „ „ „ 9 „	
2 Saw teeth benders.	

These goods are now on view.

SALE OF YELLOW METAL AND COPPER BRAZIERS.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 26th inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms by order of Nagurdass Jaichund and
On account and at the risk of Mohunlal Nurrotun—
17 cases yellow metal braziers, about 170 cwts.
12½ cases copper braziers, about 125 cwts.
On account and the risk of Hemchund Jaichund—
17 cases yellow metal braziers, about 170 cwts.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY ON THE FALKLAND ROAD.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 27th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms by order of the mortgagee Gola Rana Khooshal Pitamber and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Jamsetjee Limjeebhoy—
All that piece of Government ground together with the dwelling-house standing thereon, situate on the south side of Falkland Road, at the junction of the said Falkland and Ardaseer Dady Street, in the sub-district of Mandvee, without the Fort of Bombay, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Nos. 35, 36, 37 and 38, and in those of the Collector of Assessment under No. 56, containing by admeasurement 109 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by the house of Vithal Dola, on the west by Ardaseer Dady Street, on the north by the Falkland Road, and on the south by the public passage.
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 26th April 1880.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable landed property, situate at Mody Khana Street, in the Fort.
Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Company will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 1st day of May 1880, instant, at 3 p.m., on the premises, the undermentioned property, by order of the Mortgagee, Morarjbuy Vijbhoocandas, Esq., and on account and at the risk of Manockrazu Heemkrazu, the receiver of the Estate and Effects of the late Runsord Meghjee, deceased Ruttonbow, widow, and Meghjee Premjee, Executrix and Executor of the last will and testament of the said Runsord Meghjee, deceased.
All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuages, tenements, dwelling-house and stable standing thereon, now lately known by the name of Jamshedjee Bhujeewalla, situate, lying, and being on the west side of Mody Khana Street, in the sub-district of Fort and Colaba, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 409 square, yards, be the same little more or less, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue, Bombay, under Nos. 708 and 709, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes, formerly under No. 58 and now under No. 19, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the east by Mody Khana Street aforesaid, on or towards the west by the house and premises belonging to Jeewandass Bhowaree, on or towards the north by a piece of ground and stable belonging to Dayal Sheearam, and on or towards the south by a public road called Dowjee Sangjee lane, and which said premises were formerly in the occupation of Jamnadass Khoobaldass, deceased, and are now in the occupation of Mathooradas Lowjee and other tenants.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply at the office of Messrs. Tyabjee and Sayani, Solicitors for the said mortgagee and to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay 26th April 1880.

"OLD DR. JACOB TOWNSEND'S" SARSAPARILLA.

THE BLOOD PURIFIER.

THIS extraordinary Medicine has a singular influence upon the blood, which it enriches and purifies. It removes all pimples and blotches, purifies the system, and acts like a charm. As a sustaining and purifying tonic it is invaluable, and highly recommended in long standing cases of indigestion, nervousness, coughs, colds, scrofula, gout, dropsy and wasting of flesh. And is greatly assisted by the Sarsaparilla Pills.

CAUTION.—Get THE RED AND BLUE WRAPPER, WITH THE DOCTOR'S HEAD IN THE CENTRE. No OTHER GENUINE. In bottles, of all Chemists, 2s. 6d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. 181, Fleet St., E.C.

"OLD DR. JACOB TOWNSEND'S" SARSAPARILLA PILLS

are the most popular Medicine known for all bilious affections, liver, stomach complaints, and indigestion. Most efficacious in conjunction with the Sarsaparilla. 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d., of all Chemists.

CHIEF DEPOT—131, FLEET STREET, E.C.

AGENTS.—Calcutta, BATHGATE & Co. and SMITH, STANISTREET & Co.; Bombay and Poona, TREACHER & Co.; Ferozepore Madras, BARRY & Co.; Rangoon, GILLON & Co.; Bangalore, O'HARA & Co.; Lahore, GILLON & Co.

SCARVES, TIES, &c.

THORPE AND COMPANY.

ALL OF THE LATEST WEST-END STYLES AND BEST QUALITIES.

WINDSORS.

	Rs. a.
The Windsor, in Light Checks, Spots, and Stripes, Washing Silk ..... each	2 0
The Windsor, Washing Silk, Blue and Black Bird's Spots, will Tie Knot, Bow or Ring ..... each	2 0
The Windsor, Plain and Fancy Colored Silks ... „	2 12
Long Scarfs, extra length specially for Sailor's Knot, Black and all the New Colours ...Rs. 3-8 to	4 8
Fold Windsors, for Knot or Bow, Rich Corded Silk, Spots and Stripes ..... each	3 0
The Four-in-Hand Scarf shaped to the Neck, making a large Knot, Plain, and Fancy Striped Silks, each	2 12

PIN SCARVES.

The Polo Pin Scarf, crossed high to suit the present style of Dress ..... each	2 8
The Garrick, a large Pin Scarf, Black Silk, Fancy Colours, Spots, &c ..... each	3 8
Pin Washing Striped or Spot Cambric, ... each	0 12
Drill Pin Scarfs, Washing ..... each	1 1

BOWS.

The Park Bow, Rich Silk, Striped and Plain...each	1 8
The Grevy, a neat Bow ready made in Brocaded Silk and Colours ..... each	2 0
The Broderick Bow, square ends, Black and Colored	2 0

KNOT SCARVES.

	Rs. a.
The Don, Small Knot, Light Checks and Stripes, Washing Silk	1 12
The Don, Small Knot, Black, Plain Colours, Spots, or Fancy Stripes	2 0
The Duke Scarf, Medium Knot, Black Plain Colours, Spots, Stripes, a large variety ..... each	3 0
Black Folded Silk Ties, all widths, from	1 0
Washing Cambric Ties, Spot, Stripes or Checks ..... per dozen	4 8

BRACES.

French Web	1 12
Plain Cambab	2 8
Guyot's celebrated.....	2 0
The United Service Bridle Leather	2 4
Carlot and White Berlin	2 8
Boys' Braces.....	1 8

HANDKERCHIEFS.

Cambric Handkerchiefs, New Blue and White Bird's Eye Spot Borders, per dozen.....	15 0
Best White Cambric, Hemmed, ready for use ..... Rs. 12-8 to	15 0
Best White Lawn, Hemmed, ready for use...per doz.	5 0

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CIVIL, NAVAL AND MILITARY OUTFITTERS,
MEADOW AND HUMMUM STREETS, FORT, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY MUSICAL DEPOT.

HARMONIUMS BY ALEXANDRE AND OTHER MAKERS.

Solid Oak, 5 Octaves, Compass C to C, 2 blowers ..... Rs. 120
Solid Walnut, 5 Octaves, Compass C to C, 2 blowers 150
Solid Oak, 5 Octaves, Compass C to C, 2 blowers, and Expression Stop 160
Solid Mahogany do. do. do. 160
Solid Oak, 5 Octaves, Compass C to C, 2 blowers, with Expression Stop and Wind Indicator 180
Solid Oak, 5 Octaves, Compass C to C, with 3 Stops 200
Solid Oak (Polished), 5 Octaves, Compass C to C, 7 Stops, with Broad Reeds 250
Solid Oak, 8 Stops, with Wind Indicator, 5 Octaves, Compass C to C 300
Walnut, 5 Octaves, Compass C to C, with 7 Stops and Wind Indicator 300
Walnut, 5 Octaves, Compass C to C, 8 Stops 350
Solid Oak, Church Harmonium, Handsomely Carved, very Massive, five rows of Reeds, 18 Stops 600

NEW ALEXANDRE ORGAN.

Solid Walnut Resonant Case, Type C, Compass, 5 Octaves, F to F, Size 3 feet 6 inches wide, 1 foot 5 inches deep: 3 feet 2 inches high, 3 stops ..... Net Cash Rs. 325
Solid Walnutwood Resonant Case, Compass, 5 Octaves, F to F, 9 Stops—Flute, Liebuth Gedact, Dulciana, Vox Humana, Gamba, Diapason, Principal, Sub Bass, Automatic Swell. The tone is soft and full. The wind only sustained ..... Net Cash Rs. 800

AMERICAN ORGANS.

MASON and HAMLIN'S American Organ; Five Octaves, Double Reed; Five Stops, Automatic Swell, Knee Swell, Self-adjusting Reed Valves; Improved Bellows; Ivory fronts to Keys; Clothed Mortises, &c., Patent Resonant Case, Panelled front and sides best finish, Walnut Case ..... Rs. 550
UPRIGHT RESONANT CASE. Length 4 feet 3 inches: Height, 3 feet 7 inches; Depth 2 feet.—Two and one-fifth rows of Vibrators, with Octave Coupler, Sub-Bass, and Full Organ Knee Stop Nine Stops—Diapason, Viola, Melodia, Flute, Sub-Bass, Vox Humana, Octave Coupler, Forte I, Forte II. The Octave Coupler couples below, and gives the effect of four complete sets of Vibrators ..... Price Rs. 750
AMERICAN ORGAN, Two sets of Reeds, Three Stops—Viola, Flute, Grand Organ (Knee). Forte, and Knee Swell...Price Rs. 300
Do. do. Two and one-fifth sets of Reeds, Eight Stops—Melodia, Viola, Diapason, Flute, Vox Humana, Sub-Bass, Grand Organ (Knee), Forte I, Forte II ..... Price Rs. 650

S. ROSE & CO., 9, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

FIRST CLASS WATCHES MANUFACTURED BY
C. MARCKS AND COMPANY,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

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Gold Hunting Keyless Lever Watches, with compensation balance, 4 plates, 10½ holes jewelled, finest quality ..... Rs. 375
Ditto Gold, semi-hunting ditto 350
Ditto do. crystal-faced..... 325 and 350
Ditto do. second quality 280
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A fine stock of gold clock watches, chronographs, centre seconds, repeaters and perpetual calendar watches from Rs. 200 to Rs. 1,800.

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Gold ½ Hunting Keyless Lever Watches, in plain, engine turned, or richly engraved cases ..... Rs. 185 to 360
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Ladies Watches, set with diamonds, enamelled, or richly chased cases, suitable for presents... „ 100 to 800

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We make a really good useful watch in aluminium case at Rs. 25, ditto superior quality Rs. 35 and Rs. 40. The higher qualities have a patent lever escapement and are extra jewelled, and we can recommend them with every confidence to those of our patrons requiring a thoroughly serviceable watch for rough usage. We guarantee the above watches to last for 15 years.

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TRAVELLING AGENT:—MR. F. J. BRANDON.

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Silk Velvets ..... „	3 14 „	Feathers do.	
Crapes ..... „	1 1 „	Fans ..... „	0 6½ do.
Velvetens Black ..... „	1 1 „	Ribbons, in all shades & width Stays ... „	1 14 do.
Do. Colored ..... „	1 2 „	Handkerchiefs ..... „	2 4 dozen
Sateens all Shades..... „	0 10½ „	Gloves Kid, white and coloured ..... „	1 4 pair.
Grenadines ..... „	0 5 „	Do. Black Silk, 3 Buttons ..... „	1 8 do.
Alpacas ..... „	0 5 „	Lace and Silk Necktie 3 for..... „	0 8 „
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Tulles ..... „	0 10 „	Hats and Bonnets Trimmed ..... „	5 8 each
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All the *new leading* shapes of the *finest Linen* and *four fold*, Rs. 6-8 to Rs. 7 per doz.

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Best Wove Flannel Shrunk..... Rs. 18 Complete suit.
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THE CELEBRATED ROBERT'S PATENT WATCH
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